

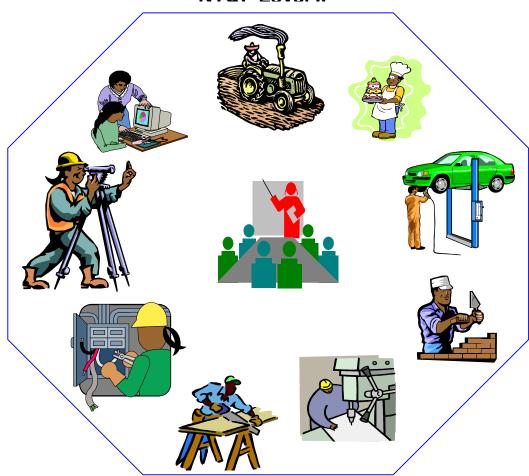


Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia

## **OCCUPATIONAL STANDARD**

## POLYMER PROCESSING OPERATION

**NTQF** Level II



## Introduction

Ethiopia has embarked on a process of reforming its TVET-System. Within the policies and strategies of the Ethiopian Government, technology transformation – by using international standards and international best practices as the basis, and, adopting, adapting and verifying them in the Ethiopian context – is a pivotal element. TVET is given an important role with regard to technology transfer. The new paradigm in the outcome-based TVET system is the orientation at the current and anticipated future demand of the economy and the labor market.

The Ethiopian Occupational Standards (EOS) are - a core element of the Ethiopian National TVET-Strategy and an important factor within the context of the National TVET-Qualification Framework (NTQF). They are national Ethiopian standards, which define the occupational requirements and expected outcome related to a specific occupation without taking TVET delivery into account.

This document details the mandatory format, sequencing, wording and layout for the Ethiopian Occupational Standard comprised of Units of Competence.

A Unit of Competence describes a distinct work activity. It is documented in a standard format that comprises:

- Occupational title, NTQF level
- Unit code
- Unit title
- Unit descriptor
- Elements and Performance criteria
- Variables and Range statement
- Evidence guide

Together all the parts of a Unit of Competence guide the assessor in determining whether the candidate is competent.

The ensuing sections of this EOS document comprise a description of the respective occupation with all the key components of a Unit of Competence:

- chart with an overview of all Units of Competence for the respective level including the Unit Codes and the Unit Titles
- contents of each Unit of Competence (competence standard)
- occupational map providing the Technical and Vocational Education and Training (TVET) providers with information and important requirements to consider when designing training programs for this standards and for the individual, a career path

Page 1 of 128 Ministry of Education Polymer Processing Operation Version 1 Copyright Ethiopian Occupational Standard June 2013
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## **UNIT OF COMPETENCE CHART**

Occupational Standard: Po	olymer Processing Operation		
Occupational Code: IND PI	PO		
NTQF Level II  IND PP02 01 0613  Prepare Materials to  Formulae	IND PP02 02 0613 Operate Ancillary Equipment	IND PP02 03 0613 Operate an Internal Mill Blender	
IND PP02 04 0613 Operate Extruders	Operate Mixing Equipment	IND PP02 06 0613 Operate Cable Winding Equipment	
IND PP02 07 0613 Operate an Open Mill Blender	IND PP02 08 0613 Operate Granulating Equipment	IND PP02 09 0613 Operate Calendar	
IND PP02 10 0613 Lay up Rubber Lining or Laq Pullevs	IND PP02 11 0613 Layout and Cut Materials	IND PP02 12 0613 Operate Bead Coiling Equipment	
IND PP02 13 0613 Prepare Moulds for Composites Production	IND PP02 14 0613 Assemble Mould	IND PP02 15 0613 Operate Tyre Curing Equipment	
IND PP02 16 0613 Operate Blow Moulding Equipment	IND PP02 17 0613 Operate Injection Molding Equipment	IND PP02 18 0613 Operate Rotational Moulding Equipment	
IND PP02 19 0613 Operate Polystyrene Shape Moulding	IND PP02 20 0613 Operate Thermoforming Equipment	IND PP02 21 0613 Operate Blown Film Equipment	
IND PP02 22 0613 Operate Filament Winding Equipment	IND PP02 23 0613 Set up and Operate Weaving Looms for Production	IND PP02 24 0613 Apply Liquid Surface Coatings	
IND PP02 25 0613 Operate Printing Equipment	IND PP02 26 0613 Operate Film Conversion Equipment	IND PP02 27 0613 Check Recycle Wash Process	
IND PP02 28 0613 Demould Product	IND PP02 29 0613 Repair Product Imperfections	IND PP02 30 0613 Participate in Workplace Communication	
IND PP02 31 0613 Work in Team Environment	IND PP02 32 0613 Develop Business Practice	IND PP02 33 0613 Standardize and Sustain 3S	
Ministry of Edu	ucation Polymer Processing (	Operation Version 1	

Page 2 of 128	Ministry of Education	Polymer Processing Operation	Version 1
Fage 2 01 120	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	June 2013

Occupational Standar	al Standard: Polymer Processing Operation Level II		
Unit Title	Prepare Materials to Formulae		
Unit Code	IND PP02 O1 0613		
Unit Descriptor	This competency covers preparing materials to formulae for production or product finishing. This competency applies to operators who assemble materials to formulae for production or production finishing. The key factors are identifying handling requirements for materials, preparing for the combination of ingredients and collecting and assembling ingredients. It is typically performed by operators working either independently or as part of a work team. It includes checking job sheets for work to be done and identifying the priority in which jobs/product will be made/completed, following approved hazard minimization procedures for any hazards connected with materials and process, using work instructions, labels and materials safety data sheets, and in accordance with occupational health and safety legislative responsibilities, collecting a range of materials and assembling them close to the start of the process and in the same sequence as the jobs are to be done checking materials to ensure no contamination, combining materials to a formulae and moving required materials into the right place by the right time.		

Elements	lements Performance Criteria			
Identify     requirements to			cations for materials is read and into Is are identified.	erpreted and
handle mate	erials 1.2	Units of are ider	measurement and matching meas	suring equipment
	1.3	relate th	erances of measuring equipment and nem to the impact of over/under me ents on production process and qua	easurement of
	1.4	Proced and pro	<b>lures</b> are followed to identify and co bblems.	ontrol <i>hazards</i>
	1.5	Workpla sequen	ace procedures are read and used ce.	to plan work
Prepare for assembly of			ent is calibrated and zeroed in for rappropriate measurement scales a	
ingredients	2.2	•	ed personal protection equipment a sare set up and fitted.	nd engineering
	2.3	Equipm	ent for dealing with emergencies a	re assembled.
<ul><li>2.4 Work area is checked for cleanliness.</li><li>2.5 Sources of potential contamination are identified and are taken to minimise/eliminate contamination risk.</li></ul>		Work ar	rea is checked for cleanliness.	
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Page 3 of 128	Ministry of Ed Copyrig		on Polymer Processing Operation Version 1 Ethiopian Occupational Standard June 2013	

3. Assemble ingredients	3.1	Ingredients are collected.
	3.2	Ingredients are weighted/measured and other <i>variables</i> according to procedure.
	3.3	Appropriate workplace approved sequence for combination of materials is followed.
	3.4	Standard operating procedures are followed and appropriate safety measures when conducting work are observed.
	3.5	For correctness of colour to standard is checked.
	3.6	Action specified in procedures if materials/assembled ingredients do not appear to meet requirements is taken.
	3.7	Workplace records are completed.
	3.8	Unused ingredients are stored, and <i>tools and equipment</i> are cleaned and stored.

Variable	Range
Procedures	mean all relevant workplace procedures, work instructions,
	temporary instructions and relevant industry and government
	codes and standards.
Hazards	May include but not limited to :
	spills dusts/vapors
	hazardous materials
	manual handling hazards
	Knife hazards.
Problems	May include but not limited to :
	inappropriate selection of raw materials
	contamination of raw materials
	incorrect formulae being selected
	combining inappropriate materials
	variations in materials
	Contamination of materials.
Variables	May include but not limited to :
	mixtures and or proportions of materials to be used
	mixing techniques
	order of ingredient addition to the mixture
	atmospheric conditions
	cleanliness of the mixing area
	Cleanliness of utensils.
Tools and equipment	May include but not limited to:
	measurement equipments
	knives and other bag opening equipments
	hoists/lifting equipments not requiring any special permits or
	licenses

	Page 4 of 128 Mini	istry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013	1
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•	Relevant	personal	protective	equipment.
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Evidence Guide	
Critical Aspects of	Demonstrate knowledge and skills to:
Competence	use measuring scales and equipment
	locate, use, interpret and apply relevant formulae and
	information
	maintain workplace records for materials used and mixes
	produced
	identify and safely handle products and materials applying
	safety precautions appropriate to the task, including safe
	storage of materials.
	know critical material properties and quantities
	<ul> <li>implement appropriate action on potential situations requiring action result.</li> </ul>
Underpinning	Demonstrates knowledge of:
Knowledge and	materials, equipment and process sufficient to recognize out
Attitudes	of specification products, process problems and materials faults.
	organizations procedures and relevant regulatory
	requirements along with the ability to implement them within
	appropriate time constraints and work standards.
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrate skills of:
	using measuring systems, scales and calculating devices      and a state of a state
	<ul> <li>observe storage and mixing requirements for materials to be mixed</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>assessing production workflow in relation to materials supply requirements</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>recognizing the focus of operation of work systems and equipment</li> </ul>
	identifying and correctly use equipment, processes and procedures
	Planning own work, including predicting consequences and
Resources	identifying improvements.  Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,
Implication	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to
piioddoll	information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:
Assessment	Interview / Written Test
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a
Assessment	simulated work place setting.

Page 5 of 128 Ministry of Edu Copyrigh		Version 1 June 2013
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Occupational Standard: Polymer Processing Operation Level II	
Unit Title	Operate Ancillary Equipment
Unit Code	IND PP02 02 0613
Unit Descriptor	This competency covers the operation of ancillary equipment which supports production operations. It applies to standalone items of equipment which require separate operation/knowledge skills to the operation of the main production unit. This unit does not apply where the relevant ancillary equipment is minor and is integral to the main process. It is typically performed by all operators working either independently or as part of a work team. This competency applies to operation of equipment which enables the production process. It may be remote from the main production unit or in close proximity or attached, but is not a part of the main functions.

Elements	Performance Criteria
Check work     requirements	1.1 Work requirements from standard <i>procedures</i> are identified.
	<ol> <li>Equipment requirements from job specifications and from verbal instructions by main machine operator are identified.</li> </ol>
	1.3 Pre-start checks in accordance with procedures are carried out.
2. Start/stop and monitor equipment	2.1 Each machine is started/stopped safely as required by production units and as specified by standard working procedures.
	2.2 Variables in the operation of each ancillary unit are monitored to support the production program and control hazards.
	2.3 Units of equipment are paused or stopped as required, cleaned up units and made ready for restart.
Control standard equipment variables	3.1 Equipment functioning <b>problems</b> within standard expected variation limits are resolved.
	3.2 Non-standard <i>tools and equipments</i> variations are reported.

Variable	Range
Procedures	May include but not limited to:
	All relevant workplace procedures, work instructions,
	temporary instructions and relevant industry and government
	codes and standards.

Page 6 of 128 Ministry of Education Copyright Polymer Processing Operation Version 1 Ethiopian Occupational Standard June 2013
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17 111	The state of the s
Variables	May include but not limited to:
	mixtures and or proportions of materials to be used
	mixing techniques
	order of ingredient addition to the mixture
	atmospheric conditions
	cleanliness of the mixing area
	Cleanliness of utensils.
Hazards	May include but not limited to :
	• spills
	dusts/vapors
	slip and fall (such as due to spilt granules)
	temperature
	hazardous materials
	manual handling hazards
	Equipment operations.
Problems	May include but not limited to :
	machine malfunction
	<ul> <li>Variations in materials and/or contamination of materials.</li> </ul>
	Appropriate action for problems outside of area of
	responsibility may be reporting to an appropriate person.
	Appropriate action for solving problems within area of
	responsibility includes asking questions and seeking
	assistance from appropriate persons/sources.
Tools and equipment	May include but not limited to :
	chilled water temperature control units
	chilled water units
	corrugators units
	haul-off units
	hot water or hot oil temperature control units
	in-process granulating machines
	polymer feedstock desiccant drying units
	pressurized air supply units
	product handling robotic units
	product take-off conveyors
	proportional polymer feed mixing hoppers/units
	reinforcement filament braiding units
	run-out tables
	slitting units
	<ul> <li>vacuum and/or mechanical polymer loading units</li> </ul>
	vacuum calibration/sizing units
	Wind-up units.

Evidence Guide	
Critical Aspects of	Demonstrate knowledge and skills of:
Competence	production workflow sequences
	<ul> <li>approved hazard control and safety procedures</li> </ul>

Page 7 of 128	Ministry of Education	Polymer Processing Operation	Version 1
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	June 2013

	<ul> <li>using of PPE in relation to handling materials, equipment operation and cleanup</li> <li>correct selection and use of equipment, materials, processes and procedures</li> <li>planning own work, including predicting consequences and identifying improvements</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>monitoring equipment operation</li> <li>identify when the operator is able to rectify faults, when assistance is required and who is the appropriate source for assistance</li> <li>Pausing equipment, or shut down equipment in abnormal</li> </ul>
Underpinning	circumstances.  Demonstrate knowledge of:
Knowledge and Attitudes	<ul> <li>Materials, equipment and process sufficient to recognize material and equipment conditions which may lead to out of specification production.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Organizations procedures and relevant regulatory requirements along with the ability to implement them within appropriate time constraints and work standards.</li> </ul>
Underpinning Skills	<ul> <li>Demonstrate skills of:</li> <li>reading and interpreting typical product specifications, job sheets and material labels as provided to operators.</li> <li>Writing to the level of completing workplace forms.</li> <li>Basic numeracy, e.g. how to determine how many 2 kg, 3 kg and 5 kg bags are needed to make up a requirement for 50 kg.</li> </ul>
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:
Assessment	Interview / Written Test
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of Assessment	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting.

Occupational Standard: Polymer Processing Operation Level II	
Unit Title	Operate an Internal Mill Blender
Unit Code	IND PP02 03 0613
Unit Descriptor	This competency covers the gathering of materials and operation of internal mill blending equipment. This competency applies to operators who collect, blend and prepare rubber compounds for further production processes such as calendaring, extrusion and ultimately tyre building, moulding, rubber lining, roller building and conveyor belt manufacture. The key factors are the blending and mixing of the right materials at the right time and ensuring there is no contamination of the materials. It is typically performed by operators working either independently or as part of a work team.

Elements	Performance Criteria
Check work     requirements	1.1 Work requirements are identified from production plan or request (recipe card).
	1.2 <b>Tools and equipment</b> and materials are checked including base raw materials, additives and curatives and accelerators meet requirements for job(s).
	1.3 Task sequences as per procedures, including noting times for checks of product quality are planned.
	1.4 Non-conformity in materials is identified.
	1.5 Requirements which may not be in accordance with usual practice are recognized.
	1.6 Questions are asked to appropriate person to confirm unusual practice.
	1.7 <i>Hazards</i> associated with the job are identified and appropriate action is taken.
	Other pre-operational checks are performed in accordance with procedures.
Check process set- up	Safety gates and guards are checked in position and working.
	2.2 Materials are checked if they are correct.
	2.3 Control panel is checked to ensure all <i>variables</i> settings are within procedures guidelines.
	2.4 Pre-start checks are completed.
3. Weigh materials	3.1 Scales are checked if they are zeroed in correctly.
	3.2 Dust and rubbish in scales and feed mechanisms are minimized.

	Page 9 of 128	Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013	
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Operate equipment to procedures	4.1 Machine is started safely and correctly in accordance with procedures.
	4.2 To ensure mixing is occurring appropriately according to equipment operating temperature, speed, amperages and pressures are checked.
	4.3 Control panel is monitored in accordance with procedures.
	1.4 Logs and records are completed as required.
	1.5 Dump mill operators are notified when the cycle is close to completion.
	4.6 Machine cycle is paused and emergency stop, as required is performed.
5. Liaise with dump mill operator	5.1 Dump mill operator is advised that compound/batch is being made.
	5.2 Ensure that batch is sampled and correctly labeled.
	5.3 Any non-routine process or product events are communicated to required personnel.
6. Respond to routine problems in	6.1 Known faults that occur during the operation are recognized.
accordance with	6.2 Causes of routine faults are identified and action is taken.
procedures	6.3 <b>Problems</b> are logged as required.
	6.4 Non-routine process and quality problems are identified and appropriate action is taken.

Variable	Range			
Tools and equ	<ul> <li>hoppe</li> <li>manuperm</li> <li>bung</li> <li>bale I</li> <li>basic packa</li> </ul>	May include but not limited to:		
Procedures	All releva temporai	All relevant workplace procedures, work instructions, temporary instructions and relevant industry and government codes and standards.		
<ul><li>res</li><li>hea</li><li>haz</li><li>dus</li><li>mo</li></ul>		ude but not limited to: cted spaces dous chemicals umes ng machinery hazards al handling hazards and knife hazard	ls.	
Page 10 of 128	Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013	

Variables	May include but not limited to:
	<ul> <li>mixtures and or proportions of materials to be used</li> </ul>
	mixing techniques
	<ul> <li>order of ingredient addition to the mixture</li> </ul>
	atmospheric conditions
	<ul> <li>cleanliness of the mixing area and utensils.</li> </ul>
Problems	May include but not limited to:
	<ul> <li>contamination of materials and/or additives</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>non adherence to recipe mix or sequence specifications</li> </ul>
	incorrect machine set-up
	<ul> <li>inadequate/excessive mixing time</li> </ul>
	float pressure
	out of specification product
	<ul> <li>Incorrect quantity of materials and/or additives.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Interchanging of compound accompany slips.</li> </ul>

Evidence Gui	de			
Critical Aspect Competence Underpinning	s of Demonstr	apply applicated procedures.		
Knowledge an Attitudes	<ul> <li>materiout of materiout of materiout of materious organic require appropriate operations.</li> <li>managoperation operation oper</li></ul>	ials, equipment and process sufficier specification products, process probials faults. For example izations procedures, relevant regulatements and the ability to implement priate time constraints and work standing risks using the hierarchy of contact an internal mill blender. Wed hazard control and safety proceds PPE in relation to handling material tion and cleanup. Ition of an internal mill blender and its conents sufficient for the consistent proceducts including: action workflow sequences and materials for checking process control panels which are outside normal range of illity. The action workflow is equipment operation of the consistent process control panels which are outside normal range of illity. The action workflow is equipment operation of the consistent process control panels which are outside normal range of illity.	cory them within ndards trols applied to dures and the s, equipment coduction of rials demand els and reporting of process n and product quantities,	
Page 11 of 128	Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013	

Resources Imp Methods of Assessment Context of Ass	olication	explair shutdorequire     identify product policies     issue r     guideli equipn     quality     securit     waste,     emerg     reporti require     approptechno     manufa     supplie     materia     plan ovidentify     identify     involve     read a sheets     as producted.     Access is situations, and to info	rassurance procedures (where exist by procedures pollution and recycling management ency procedures and incidents within ements and following workplace procedures are workplace language and composition with the ements and following workplace procedures are workplace language and composition workplace language and composition workplace language and composition work including predicting consequing improvements.  The role friction plays in the blending on the role and describe own role and the role and interpret typical product specificate, basic machine control panels and wided to operators.  The equired to the level of completing workplace measure and extract an example and from the mixed product for a sample of the product for a sample of the product of the level of completing workplace measure and extract an example of the mixed product for a sample of the mixed product for a	nergency ion  et quality or es. hazard  linery and  ling)  nt processes  regulatory cedures. munication  quences and  ng of product n blended  es of others  ations, job material labels  orkplace forms. tities of raw culate volumes act quantity of imple to be  nulated d equipment, d OHS practices.	
Mathads of		and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.			
Assessment		- Interview / Written real			
		<ul> <li>Observ</li> </ul>	vation / Demonstration with Oral Que	estioning	
Context of Assessment		Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a			
Joinoxt of 7133	Context of Assessinell		work place setting	200 01 111 0	
Page 12 of 128	2 of 128 Ministry of Education Copyright		Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013	

Occupational Standard: Polymer Processing Operation Level II			
Unit Title	Operate Extruders		
Unit Code	IND PP02 04 0613		
Unit Descriptor	This competency covers the routine operation of extrusion equipment. It applies to extrusion processes for pipe, sheet, profile, treads, sidewalls, bladder slugs, apex, tapes, film, cable and rod and the extrusion of both plastics and rubber. This competency applies to all work environments and sectors within the plastics, rubber and cable making sectors. It includes the operation of all relevant ancillary equipment where that equipment is integral to the extrusion process. The key factors are the making of products to meet quality standards and workplace requirements.		

Fla		Performance Criteria				
Elements		Per	rorman	ce Criteria		
Check work requirements		1.1	Work r	equirements are identified from prodet.	duction plan or	
		1.2		cts, materials and equipment meet re are checked.	equirements for	
		1.3	•	rements which may not be in accordate are recognized.	ance with usual	
		1.4		ons are asked to appropriate persor al practice.	to confirm	
		1.5	House	keeping is ensured to meet the requ	irements.	
		1.6	Hazards associated with the job are identified and appropriate action is taken.			
	1.		Other pre-operational checks are performed in accordance with <i>procedures</i> .			
2. Operate ext		2.1	Proces	ss is operating within required limits	is checked.	
to procedure	es	2.2		Products in specification and to required quality standard is checked.		
		2.3	Product is consistently ready for next operation is ensured.			
		2.4	Supply of material(s) is maintained as required.			
		2.5	Variables are measured and recorded.			
		2.6	Logs and records are completed as required.			
		2.7		Other materials are collected and segregated scarped and trimmed as required.		
		2.8	Tools and equipments and work area are kept clean.		kept clean.	
		2.9	Machir is perfe	ne cycle is paused and emergency sormed.	top, as required	
Page 13 of 128	Ministry of Education Copyright			Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013	

3. Change product/grade	3.1	Outgoing grade/product is run downed/purged to procedures.
while operating as required	3.2	Changes specified in procedures for oncoming product/grade are made.
	3.3	Oncoming <i>materials</i> /grade are introduced and oncoming product is checked.
	3.4	Other actions as specified in procedures is undertaken.
Respond to routine problems to	4.1	Known faults that occur during the operation are recognized.
procedures	4.2	Causes of routine faults are identified and taken action.
	4.3	Problems are logged as required.
	4.4	Non-routine process and quality problems are identified and appropriate action is taken.

Variable	Range
Products	May include but not limited to:
	• rod
	• sheet
	• film
	profile
	tread profile
	Cable
	sidewalls
	bladder
	• slugs
	• apex
	• tapes
Hazards	May include but not limited to:
	• vapors
	• burns
	moving equipment
	hazardous materials
	Manual handling hazards.
Procedures	All relevant workplace procedures, work instructions, temporary
	instructions and relevant industry and government codes and
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	standards.
Variables	May include but not limited to:
	differences between actual and set temperatures
	speeds, including screw speed and haul-off  allows and waits making.
	colour and uniformity
	surface finish and appearance
	product finished thickness
	product width

Page 14 of 128	Ministry of Education	Polymer Processing Operation	Version 1
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	June 2013

	product length
	output rate
	Product integrity and general conformance to
	specification/sample.
Tools and equipment	May include but not limited to:
	<ul> <li>extruder equipment and components such as main drive, gearbox, thrust assembly, adapter, gate, breaker plate, screen pack, doser, screws, barrel, heaters, thermocouples</li> <li>extruders, either single or twin screw</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>extrusion dies - rod, sheet, film, pipe, profile, tread profile and cable auxiliary equipment - water pump, feeders, hopper loader, pelletiser, dehumidifiers, etc</li> <li>tools and equipment for taking samples</li> </ul>
	Relevant personal protective equipment.
Materials	Most plastic and rubber materials, including compounded PVC
Waterials	fed to the extruder as pellets. It does not apply to dry blended PVC powder
Problems	May include but not limited to:
1 105101110	equipment malfunction
	variations in materials
	contamination of materials or additives
	temperature/speed variations     routing product extrusion faults, dimensions, surface.
	routine product extrusion faults - dimensions, surface     page range colour deformations
	appearance, colour, deformations
	Incorrect quantity of materials.

Evidence Gui	de			
Competence      recognize apply appropring a		<ul> <li>recogniz</li> <li>apply ap</li> <li>take appropri</li> <li>explain a</li> <li>extrusion</li> <li>upstrear</li> <li>effective</li> <li>read and</li> <li>problem</li> <li>prob</li> </ul>	tes skills and knowledge to: te the importance of material propertoproved procedures propriate action to resolve faults or relate personnel and implement emergency shutdown in production standards are met consist and downstream communication is experiting procedures and work insist interpreted correctly s are identified and appropriate action lem is fixed or reported) by procedures are followed.	eport faults to n procedures. sistently s timely and tructions are
Underpinning Knowledge and Attitudes		<ul><li>material of specification</li><li>faults.</li><li>organization</li><li>requirent</li></ul>	te knowledge of: s, equipment and process sufficient fication products, process problems ations procedures and relevant regul ments along with the ability to implemente time constraints and work stand	and materials latory nent them within
Page 15 of 128	Ministry of Education Copyright		Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013

	,
	<ul> <li>managing risks using the hierarchy of controls applied to the extrusion process. Application of approved hazard control, safety procedures and the use of PPE in relation to handling materials, tools and equipments operation and clean-up.</li> <li>production work-flow sequences and materials demand</li> <li>reasons for checking process control panels and reporting readings which are outside of normal range of process variability</li> <li>accurately monitoring tools and equipment operation and product quality</li> <li>potential effects of variations in raw materials and tools and equipment operation in relation to quality of product</li> <li>relationship between the type of extruder and the materials being extruded</li> <li>processing behaviour of polymers and the role of additives</li> <li>waste management and knowing the importance of reusing non-conforming products wherever possible</li> <li>correct selection and use of equipment, materials, processes and procedures</li> <li>explain the effect of unauthorized or emergency shutdown in relation to safety and production requirements</li> <li>identify factors which may affect product quality or production output and appropriate remedies.</li> <li>planning own work, including predicting consequences and identifying improvements</li> <li>identifying when the operator is able to rectify faults, when assistance is required and who is the appropriate source for assistance</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>identifying and describing own role and role of others involved directly in the extrusion process.</li> <li>reading and interpreting typical product specifications, job sheets, procedures, material labels and safety information as provided to operators.</li> <li>writing to the level of completing workplace forms.</li> </ul>
	basic numeracy skills, e.g. how to determine that two 25 kg bags are needed to make up a requirement for 50 kg.
Underpinning Skills	apply knowledge of the materials, equipment and process sufficient to recognize out of specification products, process problems and materials faults.
	<ul> <li>apply organization procedures and relevant regulatory requirements along with the ability to implement them within appropriate time constraints and work standards.</li> <li>apply knowledge of managing risks using the hierarchy of controls applied to the extrusion process. Application of approved hazard control, safety procedures and the use of PPE in relation to handling materials, equipment operation</li> </ul>
	and clean-up.

Page 16 of 128	Ministry of Education	Polymer Processing Operation
rage 10 01 120	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard

Resources	<ul> <li>identify and explain production work-flow sequences and materials demand</li> <li>explain and apply the reasons for checking process control panels and reporting readings which are outside of normal range of process variability</li> <li>monitor equipment operation and product quality</li> <li>identify the potential effects of variations in raw materials and equipment operation in relation to quality of product</li> <li>relate type of extruder and the materials to be extruded</li> <li>process behaviour of polymers and the role of additives</li> <li>implement waste management and knowing the importance of reusing non-conforming products wherever possible</li> <li>select and use of equipment, materials, processes and procedures</li> <li>explain the effect of unauthorized or emergency shutdown in relation to safety and production requirements</li> <li>Identify factors which may affect product quality or production output and appropriate remedies.</li> <li>plan own work, including predicting consequences and identifying improvements</li> <li>identify when the operator is able to rectify faults, when assistance is required and who is the appropriate source for assistance</li> <li>identify and describe own role and role of others involved directly in the extrusion process.</li> <li>read and interpret typical product specifications, job sheets, procedures, material labels and safety information as provided to operators.</li> <li>write to the level of completing workplace forms.</li> <li>basic numeracy skills, E.g. how to determine that two 25 kg bags are needed to make up a requirement for 50 kg.</li> <li>Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to</li> </ul>	
· 	information on workplace practices and OHS practices.	
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:	
Assessment	Interview / Written Test	
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning	
	On the state of th	
Context of	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a	

Occupational Standard: Polymer Processing Operation Level II		
Unit Title	Operate Mixing Equipment	
Unit Code	IND PP02 05 0613	
Unit Descriptor	This competency covers the operation of mixing equipment to prepare materials to specification. This competency applies to the processes required to mix materials to specification using mixing equipment. Materials may be any resin, multi-part mix or blend requiring specified quantities of raw materials and additives to meet a specification or recipe. It also includes the operation of all relevant additional equipment where that equipment is integral to the mixing process.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Check work     requirements	1.1 Work requirements from production plan or request are identified.
	<ol> <li>1.2 Product, materials and equipment meet requirements for job(s) are checked.</li> </ol>
	1.3 Requirements which may not be in accordance with usual practice are recognized.
	1.4 Questions of appropriate person is asked to confirm unusual practice.
	1.5 <i>Hazards</i> associated with the job are identified and appropriate action is taken.
	1.6 Other pre-operational checks in accordance with <b>procedures</b> are performed.
2. Start up	2.1 Pre-start checks is conducted.
equipment to procedures	2.2 Up mixing equipment is started up.
3. Operate mixing	3.1 Process is operating within required limits is checked.
equipment to procedures	3.2 Materials are in specification and to required quality standard is checked.
	3.3 Supply of material(s) is maintained as required.
	3.4 Logs and records are completed as required.
	3.5 Other materials are collected and segregated scrapped and trimmed as required.
	3.6 Tools and equipment and work area are kept clean.
	3.7 Machine cycle is paused and emergency stop, as required is performed.

Page 18 of 128	Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013
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4. Respond to routine problems	4.1 Recognise known faults that occur during the operation are recognized.
in accordance with procedures	4.2 causes of routine faults are identified and action is taken.
with procedures	4.3 <i>problems</i> are logged as required.
	4.4 non-routine process and quality problems are identified and appropriate action is taken.

Variable	Range	
Hazards	May include but not limited to:	
	<ul> <li>hazardous materials and vapors</li> </ul>	
	temperature	
	manual handling	
	Stationary and moving machinery, parts and components.	
Procedures	All relevant workplace procedures, work instructions, temporary instructions and relevant industry and government codes and standards.	
Tools and equipment	May include but not limited to:	
	<ul> <li>measurement devices (such as measuring flasks,</li> </ul>	
	containers, weighing machines, scales or meters)	
	<ul> <li>mixing or blending equipment (such as stirrers, paddle, propeller or other driven mixer)</li> </ul>	
	Relevant personal protective equipment.	
Problems	May include but not limited to:	
	<ul> <li>incorrect machine settings (such as temperatures)</li> </ul>	
	incorrect measurements of materials	
	Damaged tools and equipment and components of.	
	Poor blending of raw materials.	
	poor surface finish	
	poor colour dispersion	
	Bubbles in mixture.	

<b>Evidence Guide</b>	
Critical Aspects of	Demonstrates skills and knowledge to:
Competence	operate mixing equipment
	apply approved procedures.
	Perform consistently. For example, look to see that:
	mixing production standards are met consistently
	all safety procedures are adhered to.
Underpinning	Demonstrates knowledge of:
Knowledge and Attitudes	<ul> <li>materials, equipment and process sufficient to recognize out of specification products, process problems and materials faults.</li> </ul>
	organizations procedures and relevant regulatory requirements along with the ability to implement them within appropriate time constraints and work standards.

Page 19 of 128 Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013
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	<ul> <li>managing risks using the hierarchy of controls applied to the mixing process.</li> <li>approved bazard control and safety procedures and the use</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>approved hazard control and safety procedures and the use of PPE in relation to handling materials, equipment operation and cleanup.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>operating mixing equipment and main components sufficient for consistent production of quality products including production workflow sequences and materials demand</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>reasons for checking process control panels and reporting readings which are outside of normal range of process variability</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>accurately monitoring equipment operation and product quality</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>potential effects of variations in raw materials and equipment operation in relation to quality of product</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>processing behaviour of polymers and the role of additives</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>processing behaviour of polymers and the role of additives</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>waste management and knowing the importance of reusing non-conforming products wherever possible</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>waste management and knowing the importance of reusing non-conforming products wherever possible</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>explain the effect of unauthorized or emergency shutdown in relation to safety and production requirements</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>identifying factors which may affect product quality or production output and appropriate remedies.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>planning own work, including predicting consequences and identifying improvements</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>identifying when the operator is able to rectify faults, when assistance is required and who is the appropriate source for assistance</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Identifying and describe own role and role of others involved directly in operating mixing equipment.</li> </ul>
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrates skills to:
	<ul> <li>apply operations of materials, equipment and process sufficient to recognize out of specification products, process problems and materials faults.</li> </ul>
	apply organizations procedures and relevant regulatory requirements along with the ability to implement them within appropriate time constraints and work standards.
	<ul> <li>appropriate time constraints and work standards.</li> <li>apply managing risks using the hierarchy of controls applied to the mixing process.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>apply approved hazard control and safety procedures and</li> </ul>
	the use of PPE in relation to handling materials, equipment operation and cleanup.
	<ul> <li>operation and dicamap.</li> <li>operate mixing tools and equipment and main components</li> </ul>
	sufficient for consistent production of quality products including demand materials as per production workflow

Dago 20 of 129	Ministry of Education	Polymer F
Page 20 of 128	Copyright	Ethiopian (

Resources	<ul> <li>sequences.</li> <li>know reasons for checking process control panels and reporting readings which are outside of normal range of process variability</li> <li>accurately monitor tools and equipment operation and product quality</li> <li>identify potential effects of variations in raw materials and equipment operation in relation to quality of product</li> <li>identify processing behaviour of polymers and the role of additives</li> <li>know waste management and the importance of reusing non-conforming products wherever possible</li> <li>explain the effect of unauthorized or emergency shutdown in relation to safety and production requirements</li> <li>Identify factors which may affect product quality or production output and appropriate remedies.</li> <li>plan own work, including predicting consequences and identifying improvements</li> <li>identify when the operator is able to rectify faults, when assistance is required and who is the appropriate source for assistance</li> <li>identify and describe own role and role of others involved directly in operating mixing equipment.</li> <li>read and interpret typical product specifications, job sheets and material labels as provided to operators.</li> <li>Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,</li> </ul>	
Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.	
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:	
Assessment	Interview / Written Test	
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning	
Context of	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a	

Occupational Standard: Polymer Processing Operation Level II	
Unit Title	Operate Cable Winding Equipment
Unit Code	IND PP02 06 0613
Unit Descriptor	This competency covers the operation of cable winding tools and equipment for storing of products on reels and spools and the resolving of routine problems to procedure. This competency applies to all cable winding operations within the plastics, rubber and cable making sectors. This competency applies to operators who organize the storage of finished products and/or raw materials for production, post production and dispatch. The key factors are identifying of products, storing of products/materials on reels and spools and keeping appropriate records.

Elements	Performance Criteria
Check work     requirements	1.1 Work requirements and <i>variables</i> from production plan are identified.
	1.2 Product, materials and <i>tools and equipment</i> requirements for job(s) are identified.
	1.3 <i>Hazards</i> are identified associated with the job and appropriate action is taken.
	Supervisor/appropriate person if requirements are not in accordance with usual practice are checked with.
Conduct pre-start checks as	2.1 Safety gates, guards and emergency stops are in position and working is checked.
required	2.2 Raw materials are checked if they are correct.
	2.3 Other pre-start checks to <i>procedures</i> are undertaken.
Check winding equipment setup	3.1 Observe spool condition are observed and tagged and returned non-conforming spools to procedures.
	3.2 Winding equipment settings and adjustments, spool size and length settings to procedures are checked.
	3.3 Ensure product is checked for conformity with quality requirements.
	3.4 Non-conforming products are tagged and dealt with to procedures.
	3.5 Product through the equipment is threaded and fed on to the spool.
	3.6 Appropriate fixing devices, methods or materials are used.
	3.7 Tensions are adjusted and laying pattern to procedures is checked.

Page 22 of 128	Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013	
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		3.8 Emergency cut-off switches and other safety devices to procedures are checked.
4.	Operate	4.1 Machine is started safely and correctly when required.
	equipment	4.2 Product/process is checked within required limits.
		4.3 Product is checked in specification.
		4.4 Supply of material(s) is maintained as required.
		4.5 Logs and records are completed when required.
		4.6 Equipment and work area are cleaned up to procedures.
		4.7 Equipment is paused, or equipment is stopped in an emergency, to procedures.
5.	Monitor winding machine operation	5.1 Winding machine operations noting cooling line temperatures, amperages, tensions, colour, thickness and product integrity compared to product specification are monitored.
		5.2 Sections of product requiring repair are identified and procedures to remedy the fault are followed.
		5.3 Adjustments are made to remedy faults and non-conformity to specifications where applicable.
		5.4 Material for reprocessing are collected and reused where possible, and dealt with waste and scrapped to procedures.
		5.5 Equipment cleanup, lubrications, adjustments and waste management to procedures are completed.
6.	Complete work	6.1 Product is cut and secured free ends.
	process	6.2 Reel using appropriate manual handling techniques is removed and set down.
		6.3 Reel and transport without damage to materials, personnel or equipment is relocated.
		6.4 New spool and recommence product winding operations is fitted.
7.	Respond to routine problems	7.1 known faults that occur during the operation are recognized.
	to procedures	7.2 Causes of routine faults are identified and actions are taken.
		7.3 <b>Problems</b> are logged as required.
		7.4 non-routine process and quality problems are identified and appropriate action is taken.

Page 23 of 128 Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013
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Variable	Range
Variables	<ul> <li>May include but not limited to:</li> <li>differences between actual and set conditions (Eg speeds, temperature)</li> <li>product colour, uniformity, surface condition and appearance</li> <li>output rate</li> <li>Product integrity and general conformance to specification.</li> </ul>
Tools and equipment	May include but not limited to:  reels and spools used in storing cable  mechanical handling equipment  computers  traverse controls  hand tools and safety equipment  mechanical and computerized measuring devices  relevant personal protective equipment  cable (Eg power, single cable, multi-core)  Other relevant winding/cables/products.
Hazards	<ul><li>May include but not limited to:</li><li>moving equipment, cable and reels</li><li>Manual handling hazards.</li></ul>
Procedures	All relevant workplace procedures, work instructions, temporary instructions and relevant industry and government codes and standards.
Problems	<ul> <li>May include but not limited to:</li> <li>incorrect reel/spool size and winding speed</li> <li>quality problems and equipment failure.</li> </ul>

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Evidence Gui	de			
Critical Aspect	s of	<ul> <li>Demonstrate skills and knowledge to:</li> <li>recognize the importance of material properties and qualities</li> <li>apply approved procedures</li> <li>take appropriate action to resolve faults or report faults to appropriate personnel</li> <li>explain and implement emergency shutdown procedures</li> <li>Perform consistently. For example, look to see that:</li> <li>cable winding production standards are met consistently</li> <li>upstream and downstream communication is timely and effective</li> <li>operating procedures and work instructions are read and interpreted correctly</li> <li>problems are identified and appropriate action is taken (i.e. the problem is fixed or reported)</li> <li>all safety procedures are followed.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Underpinning</li> <li>Knowledge and</li> <li>Attitudes</li> <li>Demonstrate knowledge of:</li> <li>Materials, equipment and process sufficient to recognize out-of-specification products, process problems and materials faults.</li> </ul>				
Page 24 of 128 Ministry of Education Copyright			Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013

Lindominaina Chilla	<ul> <li>organizations procedures and relevant regulatory requirements along with the ability to implement them within appropriate time constraints and work standards.</li> <li>managing risks using the hierarchy of controls applied to the polystyrene shape moulding process. Application of approved hazard control and safety procedures and the use of PPE in relation to handling materials, equipment operation and cleanup.</li> <li>cable winding equipment and main components sufficient for consistent production of quality products including:         <ul> <li>The function of winding equipment machine components and the materials used</li> <li>The impact of winding machine cooling temperatures, tension, wind off speed on product quality and product output</li> <li>The effect of unauthorized shutdown of equipment on the winding process.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
Underpinning Skills	<ul> <li>Demonstrates skills to:</li> <li>plan own work including predicting consequences and identifying improvements</li> <li>identify when the operator is able to rectify faults, when assistance is required and who is the appropriate source for assistance</li> <li>Identify and describe own role and role of others involved directly in the injection moulding process.</li> <li>read and interpret typical product specifications, job sheets, procedures, basic machine control panels, material labels and safety information as provided to operators.</li> <li>Write the level of completing workplace forms.</li> <li>Basic numeracy, e.g. how to determine that two 25 kg bags are needed to make up a requirement for 50 kg.</li> </ul>	
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.	
Methods of Assessment	<ul> <li>Competence may be assessed through:</li> <li>Interview / Written Test</li> <li>Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning</li> </ul>	
Context of Assessment	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting	

Occupational Standard: Polymer Processing Operation Level II		
Unit Title	Operate an Open Mill Blender	
Unit Code	IND PP02 07 0613	
Unit Descriptor	This competency covers the operation of open mill blenders, banbury dump mills and similar equipment. This competency applies to operators who use open mill blenders/mixers to compound rubber. This competency is typically performed by operators working in the rubber industry.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Check work     requirements	1.1 Work requirements and <i>variables</i> from production plans of workplace <i>procedures</i> are identified.
	1.2 Product, materials and tools and equipments meet requirements for job(s) are checked.
	1.3 <i>Hazards</i> are recognized and necessary steps to ensure safety is implemented.
	1.4 Questions of appropriate person to confirm usual practice is asked.
	1.5 Housekeeping is ensured to requirements.
	1.6 Hazards associated with the job are identified and appropriate action is taken.
	Other pre-operational checks are performed in accordance with workplace procedures.
Check process set- up	Safety gates and guards are checked in position and working.
	2.2 Materials are checked if they are correct.
	2.3 Pre-start checks are completed.
3. Operate open mill	3.2 Rubbers is banded, cut, folded and worked as needed.
blender to procedures	3.3 Materials are added evenly at correct rate and time and blend in.
	3.4 Open mill blender operations are checked.
	3.5 Adjustments are made to remedy faults and non- conformity to product blend standards where applicable.
	3.6 Material which is able to be reprocessed is collected and reused.
	3.7 With waste and scrap are dealt with in accordance with procedures.
	3.8 <b>Tools and equipment</b> is cleaned, adjusted and lubricated as required.

Page 26 of 128 Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013
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Respond to routine problems in	4.1 Known faults that occur during the operation is recognized.
accordance with procedures	4.2 Causes of routine faults are identified and action is taken.
procedures	4.3 <b>Problems</b> are logged as required.
	4.4 Non-routine problems and quality problems are identified and appropriate action is taken.

Variable	Range
Variables	May include but not limited to:
	<ul> <li>mixtures and or proportions of materials to be used</li> </ul>
	mixing techniques
	<ul> <li>order of ingredient addition to the mixture</li> </ul>
	atmospheric conditions
	<ul> <li>cleanliness of the mixing area</li> </ul>
	Cleanliness of utensils
Procedures	Procedures include all relevant workplace procedures, work
	instructions, temporary instructions and relevant industry
	and government codes and standards
Hazards	May include but not limited to:
	• cuts
	nip hazards
	material hazards
<u> </u>	burn and manual handling hazards
Tools and equipment	May include but not limited to:
	• mills
	• mill knifes
	nip adjusting bars
	bale hooks
	conveyer belts
Drahlama	Relevant personal protective equipment
Problems	May include but not limited to:
	power failures     incorrect machine adjustments
	incorrect machine adjustments     incorrect guarattics of materials
	incorrect quantities of materials     incorrect blanding times
	incorrect blending times     aguinment breakdowns
	<ul><li>equipment breakdowns</li><li>short scorch products</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>snort scorch products</li> <li>forming the initial band</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Adjusting bank size for efficient mixing.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>variations in materials</li> </ul>
	contamination of materials
	<ul> <li>Lack of homogeneous product.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Appropriate action for non-routine problems reporting to</li> </ul>
	designated person or other action specified in the
	procedures

Page 27 of 128	Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013	
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Evidence Guide	
Critical Aspects of Competence	Demonstrates knowledge and skills to:  operate an open mill blender.  apply approved procedures.  perform consistently. For example, look to see that:  met consistently production standards  identify problems and take appropriate actions (i.e. the problem is fixed or reported)  adhere to all safety procedures
Underpinning Knowledge and Attitudes	<ul> <li>Demonstrates knowledge of:</li> <li>materials, equipment and process sufficient to recognize out of specification products, process problems and materials faults. For example scorch lumps, uneven mixing or nervy slabs.</li> <li>organizations procedures, relevant regulatory requirements and the ability to implement them within appropriate time constraints and work standards.</li> <li>managing risks using the hierarchy of controls applied to compound materials using an open mill blender. Application of approved hazard control and safety procedures and the use of PPE in relation to handling materials, equipment operation and cleanup.</li> <li>operation of an open mill blender and its main components sufficient for the consistent production of quality products including:</li> <li>production workflow schedule and material demand</li> <li>accurate monitoring of equipment operation and product quality</li> <li>function and operating principles which influence the open mill blender equipment operation and product blending</li> <li>impact that chemical reactions/mechanical processes have on changing the state, form and condition of the materials</li> <li>purpose of developing elasticity and controlling temperatures</li> <li>effects of mastication, differential speed, overheating</li> <li>focus of operation of work systems and tools and equipments</li> <li>correct use of equipment, processes and procedures</li> <li>explain the impact of open mill blender machine speed, pressure, time and temperature have on finished product quality, production process and output</li> <li>accurately monitor equipment operation and product quality</li> <li>waste management and knowing the importance of reusing/working away non-conforming products wherever possible</li> </ul>
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrate skills to:  • plan own work, including predicting consequences and identifying improvements
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Page 28 of 128	Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013	
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	<ul> <li>identify the role that friction plays in the blending of product</li> <li>describe causes and effects of variations in blended batches</li> <li>Identify and describe own role and the roles of others involved in the open mill blender process.</li> <li>Read and interpreting typical product specifications, job sheets, procedures, basic machine control panels, material labels and safety information as provided to operators.</li> <li>Write to the level of completing workplace forms.</li> <li>basic numeracy, e.g. how to determine that two 25 kg bags are needed to make up a requirement for 50 kg.</li> </ul>
Resources	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,
Implication	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to
	information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:
Assessment	Interview / Written Test
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated
Assessment	work place setting.

Occupational Standard: Polymer Processing Operation Level II	
Unit Title	Operate Granulating Equipment
Unit Code	IND PP02 08 0613
Unit Descriptor	This competency covers the operation of granulation equipment. It applies to a range of plastics and rubber sections where virgin or recycled material is processed into granules for further production. This competency applies to operators who are required to apply knowledge of materials, product purpose and processes to the operation of granulation equipment. This competency is typically performed by operators working either independently or as part of a work team.

Elements	Performance Criteria
Check work     requirements	1.1 Work requirements and <i>variables</i> from production plan or request is identified.
	1.2 Product, materials and <b>tools and equipment</b> meet requirements for job(s) are checked.
	1.3 Requirements which may not be in accordance with usual practice are recognized.
	1.4 Questions are asked to appropriate person to confirm unusual practice.
	1.5 <i>Hazards</i> are identified associated with the job and take appropriate action.
	Other pre-operational checks are performed in accordance with <i>procedures</i> .
2. Start up	2.1 Pre-start checks are conducted.
granulator to procedures	2.2 Granulator is started up.
3. Operate	3.1 Process is operating within required limits is checked.
equipment to procedures	3.2 Materials are checked in specification and to required quality standard.
	3.3 Materials are ensured consistently ready for next operation.
	3.4 Supply of material(s) is maintained as required.
	3.5 Logs and records are completed as required.
	3.6 Other materials are collected and segregated scrapped and trimmed as required.
	3.7 Equipment and work area are kept clean.
	3.8 Machine cycle is paused and emergency stop, as required is performed.

Page 30 of 128 Minis	stry of Education	Polymer Processing Operation	Version 1
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	June 2013

<ol><li>Respond to</li></ol>
routine problems
in accordance
with procedures

- 4.1 Known faults that occur during the operation is recognized.
- 4.2 Causes of routine faults are identified and action is taken.
- 4.3 **Problems** are logged as required.
- 4.4 Non-routine process and quality problems are identified and appropriate action is taken.

Variable	Range
Variables	May include but not limited to:
	<ul> <li>mixtures and or proportions of materials to be used</li> </ul>
	mixing techniques
	order of ingredient addition to the mixture
	atmospheric conditions
	cleanliness of the mixing area and utensils.
Tools and	May include but not limited to:
equipment	granulator equipment
	<ul> <li>auxiliary equipment (such as regrind evacuation systems, conveyors, hoppers, de-humidifiers)</li> </ul>
	magnets
	• screens
	<ul> <li>dust collection systems tools (such as verniers and gauges)</li> </ul>
	Relevant personal protective equipment.
Hazards	May include but not limited to:
	• spills
	slip and fall (such as from spilt granules)
	dusts/vapors
	temperature
	rotor speed, blades
	noise
	<ul> <li>material hazards (such as additives used)</li> </ul>
	Manual handling hazards.
Procedures	May include but not limited to:
	All operations are performed in accordance with procedures.
	All relevant workplace procedures, work instructions, temporary
	instructions and relevant industry and government codes and
	standards.
Problems	May include but not limited to:
	equipment malfunction
	variations in cycle time, temperature, pressure, speed
	<ul> <li>variations in materials or contamination of materials</li> </ul>
	poor maintenance of blades, screens
	inconsistency in granulation
	incorrect product size
	incorrect weight
	poor mixing off additive and raw material
	Surface moisture.

Page 31 of 128	Ministry of Education	Polymer Processing Operation	Version 1
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	June 2013

Evidence Guide			
Critical Aspects of	Demonstrate knowledge and skills to:		
Competence	<ul> <li>operate a granulating machine</li> </ul>		
	Apply approved procedures.		
	Perform consistently. For example, look to see that:		
	granulating production standards are met consistently		
	All safety procedures are followed.		
Underpinning	Demonstrate knowledge of:		
Knowledge and	application of operating materials, equipment and process		
Attitudes	sufficient to recognize out of specification products, process		
	problems and materials faults. For example, blade		
	maintenance is crucial to material quality. The gap distance		
	between rotor blades may change during normal operation.		
	Therefore it is important to monitor the quality of granulated		
	material and excessive amounts of fines, or plastic dust, to judge when to change rotor blades.		
	<ul> <li>enterprise's standard procedures and work instructions and</li> </ul>		
	relevant regulatory requirements, along with the ability to		
	implement them within appropriate time constraints and in a		
	manner relevant to the job.		
	application of managing risks using the hierarchy of controls		
	applied to the operation of granulating equipment. Application		
	of approved hazard control and safety procedures and the use		
	of PPE in relation to handling materials, equipment operation		
	and cleanup.		
	operating granulating equipment and main components		
	sufficient for consistent production of quality products		
	including:		
	materials demand and production workflow sequences     response for charling processes control panels and reporting		
	<ul> <li>reasons for checking process control panels and reporting readings which are outside of normal range of process</li> </ul>		
	variability		
	accurately monitoring equipment operation and product		
	quality		
	potential effects of variations in raw materials and equipment		
	operation in relation to quality of product		
	<ul> <li>processing behaviour of polymers and the role of additives</li> </ul>		
	waste management and knowing the importance of reusing		
	non-conforming products wherever possible		
	explaining the effect of unauthorized or emergency shutdown		
	in relation to safety and production requirements		
	identifying factors which may affect product quality or		
Underninging Chille	production output and appropriate remedies.		
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrate skills to:		
	<ul> <li>plan own work including predicting consequences and identifying improvements</li> </ul>		
	Identifying improvements		

Page 32 of 128	Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013	
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	<ul> <li>identify when the operator is able to rectify faults, when assistance is required and who is the appropriate source for assistance</li> <li>Identify and describe own role and role of others involved directly in operating mixing equipment.</li> </ul>
Resources	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,
Implication	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:
Assessment	Interview / Written Test
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated
Assessment	work place setting.

Occupational Standard: Polymer Processing Operation Level II		
Unit Title	Operate Calendar	
Unit Code	IND PP02 09 0613	
Unit Descriptor	This competency covers the operation of calendaring equipment and the resolving of routine problems to procedure. This competency applies to operators who are required to undertake the routine operation of calendar equipment to convert plastic or rubber compound into finished or semi-finished rubber or plastic sheets. It is typically performed by operators working either independently or as part of a work team.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Check work     requirements	1.1 Work requirements and <i>variables</i> from production plan or request is identified.
	1.2 Product, materials and tools and equipment requirements for job(s) are checked.
	<ol> <li>Requirements which may not be in accordance with usual practice are recognized.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Questions of appropriate person to confirm unusual practice are asked.</li> </ol>
	1.5 Housekeeping is ensured to requirements.
	1.6 <i>Hazards</i> are identified associated with the job and take appropriate action.
	<ol> <li>Other pre-operational checks are performed in accordance with <i>procedures</i>.</li> </ol>
2. Start up calendaring	2.1 Pre-start checks on equipment is conducted.
equipment to procedure	2.2 Calendaring equipment is started up.
3. Operate equipment	3.1 Process is checked operating within required limits.
to procedures	3.2 Product is checked in specification and to required quality standard.
	3.3 Product is ensured consistently ready for next operation.
	3.4 Supply of material(s) is maintained as required.
	3.5 Logs and records are completed as required.
	3.6 Other materials are collected and segregated scrapped and trimmed as required.
	3.7 Equipment and work area are kept clean.
	3.8 Calendar is shut down as required.

Page 34 of 128	Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013	
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4. Respond to routine problems in accordance with procedures	4.1 Known faults that occur during the operation are recognized.
	4.2 Causes of routine faults are identified and action is taken.
	4.3 <b>Problems</b> are logged as required.
	4.4 Non-routine problems are identified and reported to designated person.

Variable	Range
Variables	May include but not limited to:
	operating temperatures
	• speed
	nip settings
	materials consistency
	surface finish
	<ul> <li>product integrity and general conformance to</li> </ul>
	specifications:
Tools and equipment	May include but not limited to:
	calendar
	<ul> <li>additional equipment (such as mill knives, thickness</li> </ul>
	gauges, profiling gauges/tools/jigs, nip adjusting bars,
	strainers and metal detector)
	manual handling equipment
	product take up equipment
	material feeding equipment
	hoists/lifting equipment not requiring any special permits
	or licenses
	basic hand tools
	Relevant personal protective equipment.
Hazards	May include but not limited to:
	• cuts
	nip hazards
	material hazards
	burn hazards
	manual handling hazards
	Power failures.
Procedures	All relevant workplace procedures, work instructions,
	temporary instructions and relevant industry and government
Destruction	codes and standards.
Problems	May include but not limited to:
	variations in materials
	/contamination of materials
	short scorch products (if rubber)  initial factions of a although the second to t
	initial feeding of pelt/pig
	uneven profiles
	uneven colors

Page 35 of 128	Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013	
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<ul> <li>uneven surface appearance</li> <li>variation in compound grain and nerve making a non-homogeneous product</li> </ul>
Lay flat and curvature standards.
<ul> <li>Appropriate action for non-routine problems may be reporting to designated person or other actions specified in the procedures.</li> </ul>

Evidence Guide	
Critical Aspects of	Demonstrate knowledge and skills to:
Competence	operate a calendar
	apply approved procedures.
	perform consistently. For example, look to see that
	calendaring production standards are met consistently
	all safety procedures are followed.
Underpinning	Demonstrate Knowledge of:
Knowledge and	materials, equipment and process sufficient to recognize
Attitudes	out of specification products, process problems and
	materials faults.
	organizations procedures and relevant regulatory
	requirements within appropriate time constraints and work
	standards.
	managing risks using the hierarchy of controls applied to
	the calendaring process. Application of approved hazard
	control and safety procedures and the use of PPE in
	relation to handling materials, equipment operation and
	cleanup.
	<ul> <li>operation of calendaring equipment and process sufficient for consistent production of quality products, including:</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>production workflow sequences and materials demand</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>calendar adjustments and their effects, such as nip, bowl speed and relative bowl speeds</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>reasons for checking process control panels and reporting</li> </ul>
	readings which are outside of normal range of process
	variability
	functioning of calendaring equipment, machine
	components and guides
	<ul> <li>accurately monitoring equipment operation and product</li> </ul>
	quality
	<ul> <li>correct selection and use of equipment, materials,</li> </ul>
	processes and procedures
	potential effects of variations in raw materials and
	equipment operation in relation to product quality and
	production output
	processing behaviour of polymers and the role of additives
	effect of unauthorized or emergency shutdown in relation
	to safety and production requirements

Page 36 of 128	Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013	
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	factors which may affect product quality or production	
	output and appropriate remedies (such as effect of foreign objects on nip area on the compounded materials)	
	waste management and knowing the importance of	
	reusing non-conforming products whenever possible.	
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrate skills to:	
Cridorphining Citino	plan own work, including predicting consequences and	
	identifying improvements	
	<ul> <li>identify when the operator is able to rectify faults, when</li> </ul>	
	assistance is required and who is the appropriate source for assistance	
	<ul> <li>Identify and describe own role and role of others involved</li> </ul>	
	directly in the calendaring process.	
	<ul> <li>read and interpret typical product specifications, job</li> </ul>	
	sheets, procedures, basic machine control panels, material	
	labels and safety information as provided to operators.	
	<ul> <li>write to the level of completing workplace forms.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>basic numeracy, e.g. how to determine the amount of</li> </ul>	
	compound required for the product run	
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated	
	situations, including work areas, materials and equipment,	
	and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.	
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:	
Assessment	Interview / Written Test	
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning	
Context of Assessment	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a	
	simulated work place setting.	
	· -	

Occupational Stan	Occupational Standard: Polymer Processing Operation Level II	
Unit Title	Lay Up Rubber Lining or Lag Pulleys	
Unit Code	IND PP02 10 0613	
Unit Descriptor	This competency covers the laying-up of rubber and similar materials to line a variety of components or vessels of varying sizes, including the lagging of pulleys. This competency unit includes the use of manual handling of lining materials, the use of scaffolding and can involve activities within the definition of 'confined space'. This competency applies to a variety of internal and external work environments served by the rubber industry and includes work done in a production facility and on site. Lining materials includes rubber compounds which includes green (uncured) sheets, pre-cured rubber sheets and other polymer sheets. Lining or lagging will generally be of metal items, but may include application to composites, concrete and other non-metallic structures, vessels, pulleys or plant items. The key factors are the preparation of the surfaces to be lined/lagged and the successful application of the rubber to the surfaces without contaminating the materials.	

Elements		Performance Criteria		
1. Plan rubber	1.1 Specificati	ions and work order documentation	are reviewed.	
lining or lage work	ging	and adequ	and risk controls, including emergendate ventilation, including breathing are identified.	
			measurement and work including mas, times and process stages are plar	·
			lowntime, economically use material lity specifications are planned to.	ls and meet
			d equipments, materials required, c quality and compliance tags are ass	<u> </u>
2. Prepare surfaces for		2.1 Out mater free area.	ials are laid out in an appropriate co	ontamination
rubber lining lagging	g or	2.2 Materials	are ensured clean and free of debris	and damage.
lagging	2.3 Non-conformation required.	orming materials and report are iden	tified as	
			nt, vessel or pulley are examined an es to be lined or lagged are free of c ints.	
		2.5 The seque	ence for application of the adhesives ed.	and materials
Page 38 of 128	Minis	stry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013

2.6 Lining or lagging surfaces are prepared.
2.7 Surface coatings for setting time are monitored and the staggered supply of adhesives and materials, where appropriate are managed.
3.1 Adequate ventilation is provided and monitored during the laying up process are ensured.
3.2 Any confined space activity is monitored and conformed to regulations and <i>procedures</i> .
3.3 Lining/lagging segments are positioned according to the lay-up plan.
3.4 Entrapped air is excluded and ensured complete contact between the lining/lagging and surface is obtained.
3.5 Joins are sealed and adhered properly with no gaps or overlaps are ensured.
3.6 For slips, sagging or other separation of the lining/lagging from the surface are checked.
3.7 Lining/lagging material is finished off as required at the extremities is ensured.
3.8 Rubber lining/lagging where appropriate is cured.
4.1 Tools and equipments used are cleaned, inspected and stored.
4.2 Unserviceable tools and equipments are tugged, faults are identified and relevant personnel are informed.
4.3 Work area is cleaned and returned to approved condition.
4.4 Waste or recycle are disposed according to procedures.
4.5 Appropriate workplace documentation is completed.
5.1 known faults that occur during the operation is recognized.
5.2 causes of routine faults are identified and action is taken.
5.3 <i>problems</i> are logged as required.
5.4 non-routine process and quality problems are identified and appropriate action is taken.

Variable	Range
Hazards	May include but not limited to:     spills     dusts/vapors     hazardous materials (Eg adhesives, solvents and other chemicals)     manual handling hazards     knife hazards     noxious, toxic fumes or inflammable fumes
	confined spaces and working at heights.

Page 39 of 128	Ministry of Education	Polymer Processing Operation	Version 1
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	June 2013

Variables	<ul> <li>May include but not limited to:</li> <li>compatibility of materials, adhesives, solvents and cleaning agents</li> <li>cleanliness and condition of lining/lagging materials</li> <li>Effect of surface condition of the component on the quality of the lining/lagging.</li> </ul>
Tools and equipment	<ul> <li>May include but not limited to:</li> <li>hand tools (Eg spanners, wrenches and hammers)</li> <li>knives and other trimming devices</li> <li>hoists/lifting equipment not requiring any special permits or licenses</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>rollers and other surface compression tools</li> <li>ventilation equipment (e.g. fans)</li> <li>Relevant personal protective equipment, including 'breathers' as required.</li> </ul>
Procedures	All relevant workplace procedures, work instructions, temporary instructions and relevant industry and government codes and standards.
Problems	<ul> <li>May include but not limited to:</li> <li>variations in materials</li> <li>incorrectly cut material shapes</li> <li>contamination of materials</li> <li>contamination of the surfaces to be lined or lagged</li> <li>physical size and complexity of some components</li> <li>entrapped air</li> <li>gaps between lining segments and inappropriate laps or joins.</li> </ul>

Evidence Cuide		
Critical Aspect Competence	<ul> <li>Demonstrate knowledge and skills to:</li> <li>recognize the importance of material properties and qualities</li> <li>apply approved procedures</li> <li>take appropriate action to resolve faults or report faults to appropriate personnel</li> <li>Explain and implement emergency evacuation procedures.</li> <li>Perform consistently. For example, look to see that:</li> <li>rubber lay-up production standards are met consistently</li> <li>communication is timely and effective</li> <li>work instructions are read and interpreted correctly</li> <li>problems are identified and appropriate action is taken (i.e., the problem is fixed or reported)</li> <li>All safety procedures are followed.</li> </ul>	
Underpinning Knowledge and Attitudes	Demonstrate knowledge of:	
Page 40 of 128	Ministry of Education Polymer Processing Operation Version 1 Copyright Ethiopian Occupational Standard June 2013	

managing risks using the hierarchy of controls applied to the lining process.     approved hazard control, safety procedures and the use of PPE in relation to handling materials, equipment operation and clean up.     lining/lagging operation sufficient for consistent production of quality products including:     impact of incorrect or faulty materials     production workflow sequences and materials demand     focus of operation of work systems and equipment     correct selection and use of equipment, materials, processes and procedures     hazards of the materials and process and appropriate hazard control procedures especially the use of ventilation, breathing apparatus and requirements for confined space entry and emergency escape     requirements of good manual handling practices     Need for scaffolding and safe work practices at heights.  Underpinning Skills  Demonstrate skills to:      plan own work including predicting consequences and identifying improvements     monitor equipment operation     identify when the operator is able to rectify faults, when assistance is required and who is the appropriate source for assistance     identify and describe own role and role of others involved directly in the lining/lagging process.      read and interpret typical product specifications, job sheets and material labels as provided to operators.      idistinguish between causes of faults such as:     wrong raw materials/additives/catalyst     incorrect quantity of materials/additives/catalyst     Contaminated materials/additives/catalyst     incorrect quantity of materials/additives/catalyst     Contaminated materials/additives/catalyst     Methods of Assessment  Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.  Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting.		
▶ Basic numeracy, e.g. to interpret specifications and make and interpret measurements and shapes.           Resources Implication         Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.           Methods of Assessment         Competence may be assessed through: <ul> <li>Interview / Written Test</li> <li>Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning</li> <li>Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>lining process.</li> <li>approved hazard control, safety procedures and the use of PPE in relation to handling materials, equipment operation and clean up.</li> <li>lining/lagging operation sufficient for consistent production of quality products including: <ul> <li>impact of incorrect or faulty materials</li> <li>production workflow sequences and materials demand</li> <li>focus of operation of work systems and equipment</li> <li>correct selection and use of equipment, materials, processes and procedures</li> <li>hazards of the materials and process and appropriate hazard control procedures especially the use of ventilation, breathing apparatus and requirements for confined space entry and emergency escape</li> <li>requirements of good manual handling practices</li> <li>Need for scaffolding and safe work practices at heights.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Demonstrate skills to: <ul> <li>plan own work including predicting consequences and identifying improvements</li> <li>monitor equipment operation</li> <li>identify when the operator is able to rectify faults, when assistance is required and who is the appropriate source for assistance</li> <li>identify and describe own role and role of others involved directly in the lining/lagging process.</li> <li>read and interpret typical product specifications, job sheets and material labels as provided to operators.</li> <li>distinguish between causes of faults such as: <ul> <li>wrong raw materials/additives/catalyst</li> <li>incorrect quantity of materials/additives/catalyst</li> </ul> </li> <li>incorrect quantity of materials/additives/catalyst</li> </ul></li></ul>
Resources Implication Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.  Methods of Assessment Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning Context of Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated		<ul> <li>Writing to the level of completing workplace forms.</li> <li>Basic numeracy, e.g. to interpret specifications and make</li> </ul>
Implication including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.  Methods of Assessment	_	
on workplace practices and OHS practices.  Methods of Assessment	Resources	
on workplace practices and OHS practices.  Methods of Assessment	Implication	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information
Methods of Assessment  Interview / Written Test Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning  Context of  Competence may be assessed through:  Interview / Written Test Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning  Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated		, , , ,
Assessment  Interview / Written Test  Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning  Context of  Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated	Methods of	
<ul> <li>Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning</li> <li>Context of Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated</li> </ul>		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Context of Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated	ASSESSITIETIL	
Assessment work place setting.		
	Assessment	work place setting.

1 Page 41 of 128 1		cessing Operation Version 1 cupational Standard June 2013
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Occupational Standard: Polymer Processing Operation Level II		
Unit Title	Layout and Cut Materials	
Unit Code	IND PP02 11 0613	
Unit Descriptor	This competency covers the cutting of materials to shape and the resolving of routine problems to procedure. It applies to materials used in plastics fabrication, rubber and other manufacturing industries. This competency applies to operators who are involved in the fabrication of materials which first need to be cut into specified shapes. This competency is typically performed by operators working either independently or as part of a work team.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Check work     requirements	1.1 Work requirements and <i>variables</i> from production plan or request are identified.
	1.2 Product, materials and <i>tools and equipments</i> meet requirements for job(s) are checked.
	1.3 Plans, patterns, designs or specifications are interpreted.
	1.4 Requirements which may not be in accordance with usual practice are recognized.
	<ol> <li>Questions of appropriate person to confirm unusual practice are asked.</li> </ol>
	1.6 Housekeeping is ensured to requirements.
	1.7 <i>Hazards</i> are identified associated with the job and take appropriate action.
	1.8 Logs and records are completed as required.
Conduct pre-start checks as required	2.1 Tools, jigs, fixtures and equipment ready for production are set up.
	2.2 Materials, patterns and consumables required are identified.
	2.3 Safety equipment is ensured available and fit for use.
	2.4 Non-conformances and report are identified as required.
3. Layout materials for	3.1 Pattern/specification onto material are translated.
cutting	3.2 3D or complex shapes into 2D shapes which can be cut are developed.
	3.3 Material is placed and prepared for cutting.
Cut materials to shape	4.1 Material is cut to pattern, marking points for further processes.
	4.2 With faults and non-conformances by correcting operation or adjusting equipment are dealt with as required.

Page 42 of 128	Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013	
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	4.3 Other materials are collected and reprocessed/discarded scrapped /trimmed in accordance with workplace procedures
5. Respond to routine problems in accordance with procedures	5.1 Known faults that occur during the operation are recognized.
	5.2 Causes of routine faults are identified and action is taken.
procedures	5.3 <b>Problems</b> are logged as required.
	5.4 Non-routine process and quality problems are identified and appropriate action is taken.

	May include but not limited to:
•	operating temperatures
•	speed
•	nip settings
•	materials consistency
•	surface finish
•	product integrity and general conformance to
	specifications:
Tools and equipment M	lay include but not limited to:
•	guillotines, power saws, jig saws, band saws, thermal
	cutting devices
•	drilling,
•	nana teele ae regamea
•	Relevant personal protective equipment.
	May include but not limited to:
•	fibers, airborne and handled
•	sharp edges, swarf and scrap
•	manual handling
•	cut hazards
•	power tools, leads and power supplies
Procedures A	Chairman y and morning macrimicity, parts and components.
	Il operations are performed in accordance with procedures. Il relevant workplace procedures, work instructions,
	emporary instructions and relevant industry and government
	odes and standards.
	May include but not limited to:
•	pattern incorrect
	marking errors
•	wear and breakage
•	loss of power or drives
•	controller sequence, timer issues
•	Sequencing problems.

F	Page 43 of 128	Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013	
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Evidence Guid				
Critical Aspect	s of Demonstrate	knowledge and skills to:		
Competence	<ul> <li>apply fab</li> </ul>	rication process		
	<ul> <li>apply apply</li> </ul>	proved procedures.		
	<ul> <li>perform of</li> </ul>	consistently. For example, look to see	e that fabrication	
		n standards are met consistently.		
Underpinning	Demonstrate	knowledge of:		
Knowledge and	<ul> <li>materials</li> </ul>	, equipment and process sufficient to	recognize out	
Attitudes	of specifi	cation products, process problems a	nd materials	
	faults.			
	-	e's procedures, relevant regulatory re	•	
		to implement them within appropria	te time	
		ts and work standards.		
		g risks using the hierarchy of controls		
		d materials process. Application of ap	•	
		nd safety procedures and the use of		
		ng materials, equipment operation an	•	
		<ul> <li>process of fabricating materials and the main components sufficient for consistent production of quality products</li> </ul>		
	includes:		Toducis	
			TUANCAS	
		<ul> <li>material demand and production workflow sequences.</li> <li>identifying different types of materials and their behaviour</li> </ul>		
	_	when cut and joined		
		<ul> <li>identifying different cutting, forming and joining equipment and</li> </ul>		
		$\gamma$ for materials	g equipment an	
	•	accurately monitoring equipment operation and product		
	quality	y memoring equipment eperation an	a product	
	·	effects of variations in raw materials	and outside	
		variables in relation to quality of product.		
		<ul> <li>waste management and knowing the importance of re-using</li> </ul>		
		non-conforming products wherever possible		
	<ul> <li>identifyin</li> </ul>	g factors which may affect product qu	uality of	
	production	production output and appropriate remedies		
	<ul> <li>radii of be</li> </ul>	ending and related layout data		
	<ul> <li>developn</li> </ul>	nent of relevant shapes into 2D cutab	ole shapes.	
Underpinning S	Skills Demonstrate	e skills to:		
	<ul><li>plan own</li></ul>	work, including predicting conseque	nces and	
	•	g improvements		
	_	identify interest and operation to desire to recently reduce, interest		
		assistance is required and who is the appropriate source for		
		assistance		
		Identify and describe own role and role of others involved		
	•	directly in the fabrication of materials process.		
		interpret typical product specification		
		es, basic machine control panels, ma	aterial labels an	
		ormation as provided to operators.		
	• write to ti	ne level of completing workplace forn	18.	
D 44 6 122	Ministry of Education	Polymer Processing Operation	Version 1	
Page 44 of 128	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	June 2013	

Page 44 of 128 Min	nistry of Education	Polymer Processing Operation	Version 1
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	June 2013

	<ul> <li>basic numeracy, e.g. how to determine that two 25 kg bags are needed to make up a requirement for 50 kg.</li> </ul>	
Resources	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,	
Implication	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to	
	information on workplace practices and OHS practices.	
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:	
Assessment	Interview / Written Test	
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning	
Context of	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated	
Assessment	work place setting.	

Occupational Standard: Polymer Processing Operation Level II		
Unit Title	Operate Bead Coiling Equipment	
Unit Code	IND PP02 12 0613	
Unit Descriptor	This competency covers the operation of bead coiling tools and equipments and the resolving of routine problems to procedure. This competency applies to operators who are required to undertake the routine operation of bead coiling equipment.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Check work     requirements	1.1 Work requirements from production plan or workplace procedures are identified.
	1.2 Product, materials and <i>tools and equipment</i> meet requirements for job(s) are checked.
	1.3 Requirements which many not be in accordance with usual practice are recognized.
	1.4 Questions to appropriate person to confirm usual practice are asked.
	1.5 Housekeeping is ensured to requirements.
	1.6 <i>Hazards</i> are recognized and necessary steps required ensuring safety is implemented.
	1.7 Other pre-operational checks in accordance with <b>procedures</b> are performed.
2 Start up bead	2.1 Pre-start checks are conducted.
coiling equipment to procedures	2.2 Bead coiling equipment is started up.
3. Operate	3.1 Machine is started safely and correctly when required.
equipment to procedures	3.2 Process is checked operating within required limits.
procoduros	3.3 Products are collected and stored as required.
	3.4 Product is checked in specification/to required quality standard.
	3.5 supply of material(s) as required are maintained.
	3.6 Logs and records are completed as required.
	3.7 Other materials are collected and reprocessed/discarded scrapped/trimmed in accordance with workplace procedures.
	3.8 Equipment and work area are kept clean.
	3.9 Equipment is shut down as required.

Page 46 of 128 Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013
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4. Respond to routine problems in accordance with procedures	4.2 Causes of routine faults are identified and action is taken in accordance with procedures.
	<ul><li>4.3 <i>Problems</i> are logged as required.</li><li>4.4 Non-routine problems are identified and reported to</li></ul>
	designated person.

Variable	Range	
Tools and equipment	May include but not limited to:	
	<ul> <li>spiral layer, band builder, johnstone slitter, apexer</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>hand tools used in the bead coiling process</li> </ul>	
	material loading equipment used for loading of raw materials	
	Relevant personal protective equipment.	
Hazards	May include but not limited to:	
	• spills	
	slip and fall	
	hazardous substances	
	moving equipment	
	Manual handling hazards.	
Procedures	All relevant workplace procedures, work instructions, temporary	
	instructions and relevant industry and government codes and	
	standards.	
Problems	May include but not limited to:	
	equipment malfunction	
	<ul> <li>variations in temperature, pressure, speed,</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>variations in materials or contamination of materials</li> </ul>	
	routine bead coiling faults	
	machine malfunction	
	Variations in materials and/or contamination of materials.	

Evidence Guide		
Critical Aspects of	Demonstrate knowledge and skills to:	
Competence	operate bead coiling equipment	
	apply approved procedures.	
	perform consistently. e.g. to see that bead coiling production standards are met consistently.	
Underpinning	Demonstrate knowledge of:	
Knowledge and Attitudes	<ul> <li>materials, equipment and process sufficient to recognize out of specification products, process problems and materials faults. For example,</li> </ul>	
	organizations procedures, relevant regulatory requirements and the ability to implement them within appropriate time constraints and work standards.	
	managing risks using the hierarchy of controls applied to the bead coiling process.	

Page 47 of 128 Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013
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Underpinning Skills  Resources	<ul> <li>approved hazard control and safety procedures and the use of PPE in relation to handling materials, equipment operation and cleanup.</li> <li>operation of bead coiling equipment sufficient for the consistent production of quality products including:</li> <li>materials demand and production workflow sequences</li> <li>reasons for checking process control panels and reporting readings which do not conform to the work instructions</li> <li>operation of bead coiling equipment and components</li> <li>potential effects of variations in raw materials and equipment operation in relation to quality of product</li> <li>waste management and importance of reusing nonconforming products wherever possible</li> <li>correct selection and use of equipment, materials, processes and procedures</li> <li>identifying factors which may affect product quality or production output and appropriate remedies</li> <li>explaining the effect of unauthorized or emergency shutdown in relation to safety and production requirements</li> <li>Demonstrates skills to:</li> <li>plan own work, including predicting consequences and identifying improvements</li> <li>identify when the operator is able to rectify faults, when assistance is required and who is the appropriate source for assistance</li> <li>monitor equipment operation and product quality</li> <li>identify and describe own role and role of others involved directly in the bead coiling process</li> <li>pause or shut down equipment in abnormal circumstances.</li> <li>read and interpret typical product specifications, job sheets, procedures, basic machine control panels, material labels and safety information as provided to operators.</li> <li>write to the level of completing workplace forms.</li> <li>basic numeracy, e.g. how to determine that two 25 kg bags are needed to make up a requirement for 50 kg.</li> <li>Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations.</li> </ul>
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of Assessment	Competence may be assessed through:  Interview / Written Test  Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of Assessment	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting

Page 48 of 128	Ministry of Education	Polymer Processing Operation	Version 1
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	June 2013
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	June 2013

Occupational Standard: Polymer Processing Operation Level II		
Unit Title	Prepare Moulds for Composites Production	
Unit Code	IND PP02 13 0613	
Unit Descriptor	This competency covers the demoulding and preparation of composite moulds for composites production, and the resolving of routine problems to procedure. This competency applies to the preparation of mould surfaces for gel coating or thermoforming. It includes the demoulding of a previous product or protective surface to procedures where relevant. This competency applies to operators who are involved in the preparation of mould surfaces for composites production processes such as gel coating or thermoforming.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Check work     requirements	1.1 Work requirements from production plan or request are identified.
	1.2 Mould, materials and tools and equipments meet requirements for job(s) are checked.
	Requirements which may not be in accordance with usual practice are recognized.
	Questions are asked to appropriate person to confirm unusual practice.
	1.5 <i>Hazards</i> are identified associated with the job and take appropriate action
2. Prepare mould	2.1 Surfaces to <i>procedures</i> are prepared.
surfaces	2.2 Temporary repairs of minor mould surface defects as needed are made.
	Equipment and work area are cleaned up when surface preparation is completed.
3. Apply mould	3.1 The correct system for the job is selected.
release system, as required	3.2 Mould surfaces as per manufacturer specifications is applied.
	3.3 The surface release system is tape-tested.
4. Mask-up mould	4.1 Suitable masking tape is selected.
	4.2 Masking tape and other materials are applied.
5. Respond to routine problems to	5.1 Known faults that occur during the operation are recognized.
procedures	5.2 Causes of routine faults are identified and action is taken.
	5.3 <b>Problems</b> are logged as required.

I Page 49 of 128 I	ocessing Operation Version 1 ccupational Standard June 2013
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5.4 Non-routine process and quality problems are identified and
appropriate action is taken.

Variable	Range	
Tools and equipment	May include but not limited to:	
	applicators (such as brushes, spray gun)	
	<ul> <li>cleaning tools (such as plastic scrapers, buffs and polishers)</li> </ul>	
	• cutters	
	measuring devices	
	Relevant personal protective equipment.	
Hazards	May include but not limited to:	
	hazardous materials and vapors	
	moving equipment	
	Manual handling hazards.	
Procedures	All relevant workplace procedures, work instructions, temporary	
	instructions and relevant industry and government codes and	
	standards.	
Problems	May include but not limited to:	
	mould damage/ cracks on the mould	
	equipment wear and breakage	
	overuse of tools, requiring rework	
	build up on mould surface	
	Variations in materials or contamination of materials.	
	Appropriate action for non-routine problems reporting to	
	designated person or other action specified in the	
	procedures.	

Evidence Guide		
Critical Aspects of Competence	<ul> <li>Demonstrates knowledge and skills to:         <ul> <li>Prepare mould surfaces from which the finished product will get released successfully</li> <li>Apply approved procedures.</li> <li>perform consistently so that:</li></ul></li></ul>	
Underpinning Knowledge and Attitudes	<ul> <li>Demonstrates knowledge of:</li> <li>materials, equipment and process sufficient to recognize conditions which may lead to out-of-specification production. For example, contaminates such as dirt, moisture or oils on the mould surface will cause surface blemishes on the product.</li> <li>organizations procedures and relevant regulatory requirements, within appropriate time constraints and work standards.</li> <li>Managing risks using the hierarchy of control applied to preparation of mould surfaces. Application of approved</li> </ul>	

Page 50 of 128 Ministry of Edu Copyright	ation Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard
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Underpinning Skills	hazard control and safety procedures and the use of PPE in relation to handling materials, equipment operation and clean up.  processes, materials and equipment used for the preparation of mould surfaces, including:  correct selection and use of equipment, tools and consumables required to deliver the specified mould surface effects of contamination on surface quality  different mould release systems and the appropriate application techniques for each  typical problems with each mould release system  waste management and the importance of re-using nonconforming products wherever possible  factors which may affect product quality or production output and appropriate remedies (e.g. mould/tool design, resin type).  Demonstrate skills to:  plan own work, including predicting consequences and identifying improvements  identify when the operator is able to rectify faults, when assistance is required and who is the appropriate source for assistance	
	<ul> <li>Identify and describe own role and role of others involved directly in the application process.</li> <li>Interpret job specifications and recognize labels for different mould releases.</li> <li>communicate work requirements with other operators.</li> </ul>	
Resources	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,	
Implication	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.	
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:	
Assessment	Interview / Written Test	
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning	
Context of	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a	
Assessment	simulated work place setting.	

Occupational Standard: Polymer Processing Operation Level II		
Unit Title	Assemble Mould	
Unit Code	IND PP02 14 0613	
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers the assembling and dismantling of moulds. The competency is typically performed by operators working either independently or as part of a work team. This competency applies to operators who are involved in assembling moulds for production of products, typically in the rotational moulding, urethane foam, and thermoforming and composites sector. The key factors are the selection of correct mould parts, assembling of the mould and dismantling of mould after production. It includes checking job sheets for work to be done, setting up moulds, dismantling moulds and replacing worn parts and maintaining mould part stock controls.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
1. Check work	1.1 The type of product required is identified.
requirements	1.2 For any special requirements is checked.
	1.3 Mould parts required are recognized.
	1.4 Mould and part dimensions are interpreted.
	1.5 With supervisor/appropriate person if requirements are not in accordance with usual practice is checked.
	1.6 Any possible <i>problem</i> is checked.
2. Assemble mould	2.1 Required mould parts are selected and checked.
	2.2 Correct mould set-up jigs are used.
	2.3 Mould as per <i>procedures</i> is assembled.
	2.4 Position of mould in relation to rest of machine is checked.
	2.5 Mould will open and close is checked.
	2.6 Release agents are applied.
	2.7 Breather/vent systems are checked for safe functioning.
	2.8 Breather/vent systems with material to avoid spillages are packed.
3. Dismantle mould	3.1 Correct mould dismantling jig, <i>tools and equipments</i> are used.
	3.2 Mould as per work instructions is dismantled.
	3.3 Mould of release agent is stripped.
	3.4 Mould is cleaned to remove contaminants in accordance with procedures.

Page 52 of 128 Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013
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	<ul><li>3.5 Mould is dried out.</li><li>3.6 Mould parts are stored in appropriate place to control any <i>hazard</i>.</li></ul>
4. Identify and replace worn parts	4.1 Worn parts are identified.
	4.2 Condition of other mould parts is checked.
	4.3 Worn mould parts are replaced.
	4.4 Details of worn parts are recorded.
5. Maintain mould part stocks	5.1 Stocks of spare parts are checked.
	5.2 Supervisor is advised of stock required; parts used and date of completed mould.

Variable	Range
Problems	May include but not limited to:  matching moulds to production requirements servicing of moulds recognizing parts requiring replacement selecting correct parts for replacement using incorrect mould parts incorrect positioning of mould parts Worn/damaged mould parts.
Procedures	May include but not limited to: All operations are performed in accordance with procedures. All relevant workplace procedures, work instructions, temporary instructions and relevant industry and government codes and standards. These may include:  > assembling cast and prefabricated moulds (typically made from metal or composite materials)  > using hand tools as required  > Interpreting production schedules/ work cards as appropriate.
Tools and equipment	<ul> <li>May include but not limited to:</li> <li>handling aid such as handcarts, hoists, jigs and gantries</li> <li>pedestrian forklifts</li> <li>hoists, jigs and gantries</li> <li>powered equipment/aids such as sanders and sand blasting equipment</li> <li>Relevant personal protective equipment.</li> </ul>
Hazards	<ul> <li>May include but not limited to:</li> <li>noise, light, energy sources</li> <li>humidity, air temperatures, radiant heat</li> <li>stationary and moving machinery, parts or components</li> <li>Manual handling hazards.</li> </ul>

Page 53 of 128 Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013
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Evidence Guide	
Critical Aspects of Competence	<ul> <li>Demonstrate skills and knowledge to:         <ul> <li>recognize the importance of material properties and qualities apply approved procedures</li> <li>take appropriate action to resolve faults or report faults to appropriate personnel.</li> <li>perform consistently. For example, look to see that:</li></ul></li></ul>
Underpinning Knowledge and Attitudes	<ul> <li>all safety procedures are followed.</li> <li>Demonstrate knowledge of:         <ul> <li>materials, equipment and process sufficient to recognize out of specification products, process problems and materials faults.</li> <li>organizations procedures and relevant regulatory requirements along with the ability to implement them within appropriate time constraints and work standards.</li> <li>managing risks using the hierarchy of controls applied to the moulding process. Application of approved hazard control, safety procedures and the use of PPE in relation to handling materials, equipment operation and cleanup.</li> <li>operating injection moulding equipment and main components sufficient for consistent production of quality products including:</li></ul></li></ul>
Onderphilling Skills	<ul> <li>plan own work, including predicting consequences and identifying improvements</li> <li>identify when the operator is able to rectify faults, when assistance is required and who is the appropriate source for assistance</li> <li>identify and describe own role and role of others involved directly in the process.</li> <li>read and interpret typical product specifications, job sheets, procedures, material labels and safety information as provided to operators.</li> </ul>

Page 54 of 128	Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013	
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	<ul> <li>write to the level of completing workplace forms.</li> <li>basic numeracy, e.g. how to determine that two 25 kg bags are needed to make up a requirement for 50 kg.</li> </ul>	
Resources	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,	
Implication	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.	
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Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:	
Assessment	Interview / Written Test	
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning	
Context of	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated	
Assessment	work place setting.	

Occupational Standard: Polymer Processing Operation Level II		
Unit Title	Operate Tire Curing Equipment	
Unit Code	IND PP02 15 0613	
Unit Descriptor	This competency covers the operation of tyre curing equipment in a tyre manufacturing plant or retreading situation where the 'green' tread is laid on the tire casing. This competency applies to operators who are involved in curing 'green' tyres and 'hot cap' retreads (i.e. retreads made using green treads), assembled from a number of intermediate components and stored. This competency is typically performed by operators working independently.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Check work     requirements	1.1 Work requirements from production plan or request is identified.
	1.2 Product, materials and <i>tools and equipments</i> meet requirements for job(s) are checked.
	1.3 Requirements which may not be in accordance with usual practice are recognized.
	1.4 Questions are asked to appropriate person to confirm unusual practice.
	1.5 <i>Hazards</i> are identified associated with the job and take appropriate action.
	Other pre-operational checks in accordance with procedures are performed.
2. Start up tyre curing	2.1 Pre-start checks are conducted.
equipment to procedures.	2.2 Tire curing equipment is started up.
3. Operate	3.1 Machine is started safely and correctly when required.
equipment to procedures	3.2 Process is checked operating within required limits.
procedures	3.3 Product is checked in specification and to required quality standard.
	3.4 Product is ensured consistently ready for next operation.
	3.5 Supply of material(s) is maintained as required.
	3.6 Logs and records are completed as required.
	3.7 Other materials are collected and segregated scrapped and trimmed as required in accordance with procedures.
	3.8 Equipment and work area are kept clean in accordance with procedures.

Page 56 of 128	Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013	
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	3.9 Machine cycle is paused and performed emergency stop to minimize hazards, as required by procedures.
4. Respond to routine problems in	4.1 Known faults and <b>problems</b> that occur during the operation are recognized.
accordance with procedures	4.2 Causes of routine faults are identified and action is taken.
	4.3 Problems are logged as required.
	4.4 Non-routine process and quality problems are identified and appropriate action is taken.

Variable	Range		
Tools and equipment	<ul> <li>May include but not limited to:</li> <li>curing press (Eg bagomatic, collapsible bladder or shear strip, solid bladder)</li> <li>ancillary equipment (Eg screens/strainers, computer data systems, ball float steam traps, condensate temperature and steam trap monitoring system, boilers, air compressors, water treatment units, control instruments)</li> <li>Relevant personal protective equipment.</li> </ul>		
Hazards	May include but not limited to:  manual handling  noise  humidity  temperatures (Eg from air and steam)  fumes/vapors (Eg from curing agents)  cleaning equipment (Eg screens/strainers)  Stationary and moving machinery.		
Procedures	All relevant workplace procedures, work instructions, temporary instructions and relevant industry and government codes and standards.		
Problems	May include but not limited to:  • poorly aligned guides  • mould incorrectly placed on machine  • poor mould closure/alignment  • poorly prepared mould (dirty/mould release)  • incorrect temperature settings  • mould temperature/steam pressure/air blinded/waterlogged  • Mould/air pressure.  • contaminated green tyres  • squashed or distorted green tyres  • scorched rubber  • curing time/cycle  • product  • excessive trim/spue  • Out of round/eccentric.		

Page 57 of 128	Ministry of Education	Polymer Processing Operation	Version 1
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	June 2013

Evidence Guide	
Critical Aspects of	Demonstrate knowledge and skills to:
Competence	operate a tire curing machine
	Apply approved procedures.  Perform a project of the formula deals to a set that.
	Perform consistently. For example, look to see that:      tire curing production standards are met consistently.
	<ul> <li>tire curing production standards are met consistently</li> <li>All safety procedures are followed.</li> </ul>
Underpinning	Demonstrate knowledge of:
Knowledge and	materials, equipment and process sufficient to recognize out
Attitudes	of specification products, process problems and materials
	faults.
	organizations procedures and relevant regulatory
	requirements along with the ability to implement them within
	appropriate time constraints and work standards.
	managing risks using the hierarchy of controls applied to the
	tire curing process.
	<ul> <li>Approved hazard control and safety procedures and the use of PPE in relation to handling materials, equipment operation</li> </ul>
	and cleanup.
	operation of tire curing equipment and main components
	sufficient for consistent production of quality products
	including:
	materials demand and production workflow sequences
	reasons for checking process control panels and reporting
	readings which are outside of normal range of process variability
	accurately monitoring equipment operation and product
	quality
	potential effects of variations in raw materials and equipment
	operation in relation to quality of product
	processing behavior of polymers and the role of additives
	<ul> <li>waste management and knowing the importance of reusing non-conforming products wherever possible</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>correct selection and use of equipment, materials, processes</li> </ul>
	and procedures
	explaining the effect of unauthorized or emergency shutdown
	in relation to safety and production requirements
	identifying factors which may affect product quality or
	production output and appropriate remedies
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrate skills to:
	Apply materials, equipment and process sufficient to  readenize out of appointment and process sufficient to appointment and process sufficient to appointment and process sufficient to appoint to appoint the process of the proces
	recognize out of specification products, process problems and materials faults
	Apply organization procedures and relevant regulatory
	requirements along with the ability to implement them within
	appropriate time constraints and work standards.

Page 58 of 128	Ministry of Education	Polymer Processing Operation	Version 1
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	June 2013

controls applied to the tire curing process.  Apply approved hazard control and safety procedures and the use of PPE in relation to handling materials, equipment operation and cleanup.  plan own work, including predicting consequences and identifying improvements  identify when the operator is able to rectify faults, when assistance is required and who is the appropriate source for assistance  Identify and describe own role and role of others involved directly in the curing process.  read and interpret typical product specifications, job sheets, procedures, material labels and safety information as provide to operators.  Write to the level of completing workplace forms.  Basic numeracy is, e.g. to determine that two 25 kg bags are needed to make up a requirement for 50 kg.  Resources Implication  Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.  Competence may be assessed through:  Interview / Written Test  Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning  Context of  Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated				
<ul> <li>plan own work, including predicting consequences and identifying improvements</li> <li>identify when the operator is able to rectify faults, when assistance is required and who is the appropriate source for assistance</li> <li>Identify and describe own role and role of others involved directly in the curing process.</li> <li>read and interpret typical product specifications, job sheets, procedures, material labels and safety information as provide to operators.</li> <li>Write to the level of completing workplace forms.</li> <li>Basic numeracy is, e.g. to determine that two 25 kg bags are needed to make up a requirement for 50 kg.</li> <li>Resources</li> <li>Implication</li> <li>Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.</li> <li>Methods of</li> <li>Assessment</li> <li>Interview / Written Test</li> <li>Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning</li> <li>Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulate</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Apply approved hazard control and safety procedures and the use of PPE in relation to handling materials, equipment</li> </ul>		
assistance is required and who is the appropriate source for assistance  Identify and describe own role and role of others involved directly in the curing process.  read and interpret typical product specifications, job sheets, procedures, material labels and safety information as provide to operators.  Write to the level of completing workplace forms.  Basic numeracy is, e.g. to determine that two 25 kg bags are needed to make up a requirement for 50 kg.  Resources Implication  Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.  Methods of Assessment  Competence may be assessed through:  Interview / Written Test Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning  Context of  Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated				
directly in the curing process.  • read and interpret typical product specifications, job sheets, procedures, material labels and safety information as provide to operators.  • Write to the level of completing workplace forms.  • Basic numeracy is, e.g. to determine that two 25 kg bags are needed to make up a requirement for 50 kg.  Resources Implication  Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.  Methods of Assessment  • Interview / Written Test • Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning  Context of  Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulate		assistance is required and who is the appropriate source for		
procedures, material labels and safety information as provide to operators.  Write to the level of completing workplace forms.  Basic numeracy is, e.g. to determine that two 25 kg bags are needed to make up a requirement for 50 kg.  Resources Implication  Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.  Methods of Assessment  Competence may be assessed through:  Interview / Written Test  Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning  Context of  Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulate				
Basic numeracy is, e.g. to determine that two 25 kg bags are needed to make up a requirement for 50 kg.  Resources Implication  Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.  Methods of Assessment  Interview / Written Test  Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning  Context of  Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulate		procedures, material labels and safety information as provided		
Resources Implication  Methods of Assessment  Context of  Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.  Competence may be assessed through:  Interview / Written Test  Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning  Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulate		Write to the level of completing workplace forms.		
Implication including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.  Methods of Assessment		<ul> <li>Basic numeracy is, e.g. to determine that two 25 kg bags are needed to make up a requirement for 50 kg.</li> </ul>		
information on workplace practices and OHS practices.  Methods of Assessment  Interview / Written Test  Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning  Context of Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulate	Resources	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,		
Methods of Assessment  Interview / Written Test Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning  Context of  Competence may be assessed through: Interview / Written Test Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning  Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulate	Implication	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to		
Assessment		information on workplace practices and OHS practices.		
<ul> <li>Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning</li> <li>Context of Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulate</li> </ul>	Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:		
Context of Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulate	Assessment	Interview / Written Test		
		Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Context of	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated		
Assessment work place setting	Assessment	work place setting		

Occupational Standard: Polymer Processing Operation Level II		
Unit Title	Operate blow moulding equipment	
Unit Code	IND PP02 16 0613	
Unit Descriptor	This competency covers the operation of blow moulding equipment and the resolving of routine problems to procedure.  This competency applies to all blow moulding operations within the plastics and rubber sectors. It includes the operation of all relevant additional equipment where that equipment is integral to the blow moulding process.	

Elements	Perf	ormance Criteria
Check work     requirements	1.1	Work requirements from production plan or request are identified.
·	1.2	Product, materials and equipment meet requirements for job(s) are checked.
	1.3	Requirements which may not be in accordance with usual practice are recognized.
	1.4	Questions are asked to appropriate person to confirm unusual practice.
	1.5	Housekeeping is ensured to requirements.
	1.6	<i>Hazards</i> are identified associated with the job and take appropriate action.
	1.7	Other pre-operational checks in accordance with <i>procedures</i> are performed.
2. Start up blow	2.1	Pre-start checks are conducted.
moulding equipment to procedures	2.2	<b>Tools and equipment</b> are started up safely and 'dry run' to warm hydraulics and components to operating temperature before production, as required.
·	2.3	Condition of equipment is checked and raw materials are introduced as required.
3. Operate blow	3.1	Process is checked operating within required limits.
moulding equipment to	3.2	Product is checked in specification and to required quality standard.
procedures	3.3	Product is ensured consistently ready for next operation.
	3.4	Supply of material(s) is maintained as required.
	3.5	Logs and records are completed as required.
	3.6	Other materials are collected and segregated scrapped and trimmed as required.
	3.7	Equipment and work area are kept clean.
	3.8	Machine cycle is paused and emergency stop is performed, as required.

Page 60 of 128	Ministry of Education	Polymer Processing Operation	Version 1
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	June 2013

4. Respond to routine		Likely faults that occur during the operation are identified.
problems to procedures	4.2	Causes of routine faults are identified and action is taken in accordance with procedures.
	4.3	Make sure appropriate records and log books of equipment operations are maintained to meet procedures.
	4.4	non-routine <b>problems</b> are identified and reported to designated person.

Variable	Range
Hazards	<ul> <li>May include but not limited to:</li> <li>spills</li> <li>dusts/vapors</li> <li>slip and fall (such as due to spilt granules)</li> <li>temperature (such as due to heated moulds)</li> <li>hazardous substances (including decomposing polymer during start up and shut down)</li> <li>moving equipment (such as moving moulds, robots and ancillary equipment)</li> <li>Manual handling hazards.</li> </ul>
Procedures	All relevant workplace procedures, work instructions, temporary instructions and relevant industry and government codes and standards.
Tools and equipment	<ul> <li>May include but not limited to:</li> <li>bottom blow, top blow, needle blow, tail to tail blow, parison</li> <li>pre-blow and pre-squeeze, parison stretching and parison orientation type machines</li> <li>ancillary equipment (such as chillers/cooling towers, die heating equipment, hopper driers, mixing hoppers, dehumidifying driers, air compressors, dosing machines, colour blending equipment and conveyors)</li> <li>hand tools used in the blow moulding process</li> <li>material loading equipment used for loading of raw materials</li> <li>Relevant personal protective equipment.</li> </ul>
Problems	<ul> <li>May include but not limited to:</li> <li>equipment malfunction</li> <li>variations in temperature, pressure, speed, inflation</li> <li>variations in materials or contamination of materials</li> <li>incorrect quantity of materials/additives</li> <li>die damage</li> <li>routine blow moulding faults (e.g. wall thinning, holes, poor surface finish, warping, poor colour dispersion, ejection damage, colour contamination, black spots and other defects)</li> <li>machine malfunction</li> <li>Die/tooling problems.</li> </ul>

Page 61 of 128 Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013
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Evidence Guide	
Critical Aspects of	Demonstrate knowledge and skills to:
Competence	operate a blow moulding machine
·	apply approved procedures.
	perform consistently that blow moulding production standards
	are met consistently.
Underpinning	Demonstrate knowledge of:
Knowledge and Attitudes	<ul> <li>materials, equipment and process sufficient to recognize out of specification products, process problems and materials faults. For example, the product may not be fully inflated, leading to undersized and malformed product. Blow pressure</li> </ul>
	may be insufficient or the compressed air supply may be partially blocked.
	organizations procedures and relevant regulatory
	requirements along with the ability to implement them within appropriate time constraints and work standards. For example action must only be taken if the parison mass varies by more than 2 grams.
	managing risks using the hierarchy of controls applied to the blow moulding process. Application of approved hazard control, safety procedures and the use of PPE in relation to handling materials, equipment operation and cleanup.
	materials demand and production workflow sequences
	<ul> <li>the reasons for checking process control panels and reporting readings which are outside of normal range of process variability</li> </ul>
	accurately monitoring equipment operation and product quality
	<ul> <li>purpose and requirements of 'dry running' before starting production</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>potential effects of variations in raw materials and equipment operation in relation to quality of product</li> </ul>
	processing behaviour of polymers and the role of additives
	waste management and knowing the importance of reusing
	non-conforming products wherever possible
	<ul> <li>correct selection and use of equipment, materials, processes and procedures</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>explaining the effect of unauthorized or emergency shutdown</li> </ul>
	in relation to safety and production requirements
	identifying factors which may affect product quality or
	production output and appropriate remedies.
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrate skills to:
	<ul> <li>plan own work, including predicting consequences and identifying improvements</li> </ul>

Page 62 of 128 Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013
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	<ul> <li>identify when the operator is able to rectify faults, when assistance is required and who is the appropriate source for assistance</li> <li>Identify and describe own role and role of others involved directly in the blow moulding process.</li> <li>read and interpret typical product specifications, job sheets, procedures, basic machine control panels, material labels and safety information as provided to operators.</li> <li>write to the level of completing workplace forms.</li> <li>basic numeracy, (e.g. to determine that two 25 kg bags are needed for a requirement for 50 kg).</li> </ul>	
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.	
Methods of Assessment	<ul> <li>Competence may be assessed through:</li> <li>Interview / Written Test</li> <li>Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning</li> </ul>	
Context of Assessment	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting.	

Occupational Standard: Polymer Processing Operation Level II			
Unit Title	Operate Injection Moulding Equipment		
Unit Code	IND PP02 17 0613		
Unit Descriptor	This competency covers the operation of injection moulding equipment and the resolving of routine problems to procedure. This competency applies to operators who are required to undertake the routine operation of injection moulding equipment.		

Elements	Performance Criteria		
Check work     requirements	1.1 Work requirements from production plan or request are identified.		
	1.2 Product, materials and <i>tools and equipments</i> meet requirements for job(s) are checked.		
	1.3 Requirements which may not be in accordance with usual practice are recognized.		
	1.4 Questions of appropriate person to confirm unusual practice are asked.		
	1.5 Housekeeping is ensured to requirements.		
	1.6 <i>Hazards</i> are identified associated with the job and take appropriate action.		
	1.7 Other pre-operational checks in accordance with <b>procedures</b> are performed.		
2. Operate injection	2.1 Process is checked operating within required limits.		
molding equipment to procedures	2.2 Product is checked in specification and to required quality standard.		
	2.3 Product is ensured consistently ready for next operation.		
	2.4 Supply of material(s) is maintained as required.		
	2.5 Logs and records are completed as required.		
	Other materials are collected and segregated scrapped and trimmed as required.		
	2.7 Equipment and work area are kept clean.		
	2.8 Machine cycle is paused and emergency stop is performed, as required.		
3. Respond to routine problems to	3.1 Known faults that occur during the operation are recognized.		
procedures	3.2 Causes of routine faults are identified and action is taken.		

Page 64 of 128 Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013
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3.3 <b>Problems</b> are logged as required.
3.4 Non-routine process and quality problems are identified and appropriate action is taken.

Variable	Range	
Tools and equipment	<ul> <li>May include but not limited to:</li> <li>injection moulding machines (such as electrical, mechanical, electromechanical and hydraulic)</li> <li>components of injection moulding machines (such as base, material supply systems, barrel and screw plastification unit, injection units)</li> <li>dies/tools (such as pneumatic, or hydraulic actuation of cores, slides ejector systems)</li> <li>ancillary equipment (such as chillers, die heating equipment, hopper driers, mixing hoppers, dehumidifying driers, air compressors, dosing machines, blending and mixing equipment and conveyors where they are integral to the operation of the injection molders)</li> <li>hand tools used in the injection moulding process</li> <li>material loading equipment used for loading of raw materials</li> <li>Relevant personal protective equipment.</li> </ul>	
Hazards	<ul> <li>May include but not limited to:</li> <li>spills</li> <li>dusts/vapors</li> <li>slip and fall (such as due to spilt granules)</li> <li>temperature (such as due to heated barrel, nozzle and hot runner moulds)</li> <li>hazardous substances (including decomposing polymer during start up and shut down)</li> <li>moving equipment (such as moving moulds, robots and ancillary equipment)</li> <li>Manual handling hazards.</li> </ul>	
Procedures	All relevant workplace procedures, work instructions, temporary instructions and relevant industry and government codes and standards.	
Problems	<ul> <li>May include but not limited to:</li> <li>equipment malfunction</li> <li>variations in cycle time, temperature, pressure, speed</li> <li>variations in materials or contamination of materials</li> <li>Die/tooling problems such as damage to die.</li> <li>short moldings</li> <li>flash</li> <li>sink marks</li> <li>voids</li> <li>burn marks</li> </ul>	

Page 65 of 128	Ministry of Education	Polymer Processing Operation	Version 1
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	June 2013

Evidence Guide	
Critical Aspects of Competence	Demonstrate knowledge and skills to:  operate an injection moulding machine Apply approved procedures.  meet consistently Injection moulding production standards.
Underpinning Knowledge and Attitudes	<ul> <li>Demonstrate knowledge of:</li> <li>materials, equipment and process sufficient to recognize out of specification products, process problems and materials faults.</li> <li>procedures and relevant regulatory requirements along with the ability to implement them within appropriate time constraints and work standards.</li> <li>managing risks using the hierarchy of controls applied to the injection moulding process. Application of approved hazard control, safety procedures and the use of PPE in relation to handling materials, equipment operation and cleanup.</li> <li>operation of injection moulding equipment and main components sufficient for consistent production of quality products including:</li> <li>materials demand and production workflow sequences</li> <li>reasons for checking process control panels and reporting readings which are outside of normal range of process variability</li> <li>accurately monitoring equipment operation and product quality</li> <li>potential effects of variations in raw materials and equipment operation in relation to quality of product</li> <li>processing behavior of polymers and the role of additives</li> <li>waste management and knowing the importance of reusing non-conforming products wherever possible</li> <li>correct selection and use of equipment, materials, processes and procedures</li> </ul>

Page 66 of 128	Ministry of Education	Polymer Processing Operation	Version 1
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	June 2013

	<ul> <li>effect of unauthorized or emergency shutdown in relation to safety and production requirements</li> <li>factors which may affect product quality or production output</li> </ul>
Lindowsiania a Civilia	and appropriate remedies.
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrate skills to:
	<ul> <li>plan own work including predicting consequences and identifying improvements</li> </ul>
	, , ,
	<ul> <li>identify when the operator is able to rectify faults, when assistance is required and who is the appropriate source for assistance</li> </ul>
	Identify and describe own role and role of others involved
	directly in the injection moulding process.
	<ul> <li>read and interpret typical product specifications, job sheets, procedures, basic machine control panels, material labels and safety information as provided to operators.</li> </ul>
	Write to the level of completing workplace forms.
	Basic numeracy, e.g. how to determine that two 25 kg bags are needed to make up a requirement for 50 kg.
Resources	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,
Implication	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to
	information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:
Assessment	Interview / Written Test
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated
Assessment	work place setting.

Occupational Standard: Polymer Processing Operation Level II	
Unit Title	Operate Rotational Moulding Equipment
Unit Code	IND PP02 18 0613
Unit Descriptor	This competency covers the operation of equipment, including both rotating and 'rock and roll' modes, and the resolving of routine problems to procedure. This competency applies to operators who are required to undertake the routine operation of rotational moulding equipment. The key factors are the making of products to meet quality standards and workplace requirements. This competency is typically performed by operators working either independently or as part of a work team.

Elements		Performance Criteria			
Check work     requirements			ork requirements and <i>variables</i> from production plan or quest are identified.		
			t, materials, tools and equipment rements for job(s) are checked.	meet	
		•	ements which may not be in accorda e are recognized.	ance with usual	
			ons are asked to appropriate person al practice.	to confirm	
		1.5 Housel	keeping is ensured to requirements.		
			<b>Is</b> are identified associated with the priate action.	job and take	
			re-operational checks is performed rocedures.	in accordance	
2. Operate rota	ational	2.1 Process is checked operating within required limits.			
moulding equipment to procedures	0	2.2 Product is checked in specification and to required quality standard.			
procedures		2.3 Product is ensured consistently ready for next operation.			
		2.4 Supply of material(s) is maintained as required.			
		2.5 Products are demouled and stored as required			
			2.6 Logs and records are completed as required.		
		2.7 Other materials are collected and segregated scrapped and trimmed as required.			
		2.8 Equipment and work area are kept clean.			
		2.9 Machine cycle is paused and emergency stop is performed as required.			
Page 68 of 128	Ministry of Education Copyright		Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013	

3. Respond to routine problems to	3.1 Known faults that occur during the operation are recognized.
procedures	3.2 Causes of routine faults are identified and action is taken.
	3.3 <b>Problems</b> are logged as required.
	3.4 Non-routine process and quality problems are identified and appropriate action is taken.

Variable	Range
Variables	May include but not limited to:  • procedures for removing, fitting and setting moulds  • materials used in the rotational moulding process  • process temperatures  • cleanliness  • Characteristics of melt flow.
Tools and equipment	May include but not limited to: <ul> <li>hand tools</li> <li>material loading equipment used for loading of raw materials</li> <li>Relevant personal protective equipment.</li> </ul>
Hazards	<ul> <li>May include but not limited to:</li> <li>spills</li> <li>noise, light, energy sources</li> <li>humidity, air temperature, radiant heat, hot moulds</li> <li>hazardous substances</li> <li>stationary and moving machinery, parts and components</li> <li>Manual handling hazards.</li> </ul>
Procedures	All relevant workplace procedures, work instructions, temporary instructions and relevant industry and government codes and standards.
Problems	May include but not limited to:     equipment malfunction     variations in temperature, pressure, rotation     variations in materials or contamination of materials     mould damage     routine rotational moulding faults     machine malfunction     mould/tooling problems     Variations in materials and/or contamination of materials.

Evidence Guide	
Critical Aspects of	Demonstrate knowledge and skills to:
Competence	<ul> <li>recognize the importance of material properties and qualities</li> <li>apply approved procedures</li> <li>take appropriate action to resolve faults or report faults to appropriate personnel</li> </ul>

Page 69 of 128 Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013
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explain and implement emergency shutdown procedures. Perform consistently. For example, look to see that: > rotational moulding production standards are met consistently upstream and downstream communication is timely > effective operating procedures and work instructions are read and interpreted correctly > problems are identified and appropriate action is taken (ie the problem is fixed or reported) > all safety procedures are followed. Underpinning Demonstrates knowledge of: Knowledge and materials, equipment and process sufficient to recognise out Attitudes of specification products, process problems and materials faults. procedures and relevant regulatory requirements along with the ability to implement them within appropriate time constraints and work standards. • operation of rotational moulding equipment and components effects of shrinkage on material colour materials demand and production workflow sequences reasons for checking process control panels and reporting readings which do not conform to the work instructions approved hazard control and safety procedures and the use of PPE in relation to handling materials equipment operation and cleanup potential effects of variations in raw materials and equipment operation in relation to quality of product waste management and importance of reusing nonconforming products wherever possible • correct selection and use of equipment, materials, processes and procedures planning own work, including predicting consequences and identifying improvements monitoring equipment operation and product quality identifying when the operator is able to rectify faults, when assistance is required and who is the appropriate source for assistance identifying and describe own role and role of others involved directly in the rotational moulding process • identifying factors which may affect product quality or production output and appropriate remedies using PPE, safely handle products and materials, read relevant safety information and apply safety precautions appropriate to the task pausing equipment, or shut down equipment in abnormal circumstances

	<ul> <li>explaining the effect of unauthorized or emergency shutdown in relation to safety and production requirements</li> <li>distinguishing between possible causes of routine rotational moulding faults such as: incorrect quantity of materials; contaminated materials/additives; equipment faults; mould damage; temperature/time faults; rotation speed/motion problems; wrong raw materials/additives; incorrect quantity of materials/additives; machine failure.</li> </ul>
Underpinning Skills	<ul> <li>Demonstrates skills to:</li> <li>read and interpret typical product specifications, job sheets, procedures, material labels and safety information as provided to operators.</li> <li>write to the level of completing workplace forms.</li> <li>basic numeracy, e.g. how to determine that two 25 kg bags are needed to make up a requirement for 50 kg.</li> </ul>
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of Assessment	Competence may be assessed through:  Interview / Written Test  Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of Assessment	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting.

Occupational Standard: Polymer Processing Operation Level II		
Unit Title	Operate Polystyrene Shape Moulding Equipment	
Unit Code	IND PP02 19 0613	
Unit Descriptor	This competency covers the operation of polystyrene shap moulding equipment and the resolving of routine problems t procedure. This competency applies to operators who ar required to undertake the routine operation of polystyren shape moulding equipment. It is typically performed be operators working either independently or as part of a wor team.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Check work requirements	1.1 Work requirements and <i>variables</i> from production plan or request are identified.
	1.2 Product, materials and tools and equipment meet requirements for job(s) are checked.
	<ol> <li>Requirements which may not be in accordance with usual practice are recognized.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>1.4 Questions of appropriate person to confirm unusual practice are asked.</li> </ol>
	1.5 Housekeeping is ensured to requirements.
	1.6 <i>Hazards</i> are identified associated with the job and take appropriate action.
	<ol> <li>Other pre-operational checks are performed in accordance with <i>procedures</i>.</li> </ol>
2. Start up shape	2.1 Pre-start checks on equipment is conducted.
moulding equipment	2.2 Shape moulding equipment is started up.
3. Operate	3.1 Process is checked operating within required limits.
equipment to procedures	3.2 Product is checked in specification and to required quality standard.
	3.3 Product is ensured consistently ready for next operation.
	3.4 Supply of material(s) is maintained as required.
	3.5 Logs and records are completed when required.
	3.6 Other materials are collected and segregated scrapped and trimmed as required.
	3.7 Equipment and work area are kept clean.
	3.8 Machine cycle is paused and emergency stop is performance, as required.

Page 72 of 128	Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013	
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4. Respond to routine problems in accordance with procedures	<ul><li>4.1 Known faults that occur during the operation is recognized.</li><li>4.2 Causes of routine faults in accordance with procedures are identified and action is taken.</li></ul>
	4.3 <b>Problems</b> are logged as required.
	4.4 Non-routine problems are identified and reported to designated person.

Variable	Range	
Variables	May include but not limited to:	
	procedures for removing, fitting and setting moulds	
	materials used in the rotational moulding process	
	process temperatures	
	cleanliness	
	characteristics of melt flow.	
Tools and equipment	May include but not limited to:	
	polystyrene shape moulding machine	
	components of shape moulding machine (such as	
	prefoamer, storage hopper, moulding tool)	
	additional equipment (e.g. vacuum system)	
	manual handling aids (such as hand carts and trolleys)	
	basic hand tools and other bag opening equipment (eg	
	knives)	
	hoists/lifting equipment not requiring any special permits or	
	licenses	
	Relevant personal protective equipment.	
Hazards	May include but not limited to:	
	• spills	
	dusts/vapors	
	slip and fall	
	temperature	
	hazardous substances	
	moving equipment	
	Manual handling hazards.	
Procedures	All relevant workplace procedures, work instructions, temporary	
	instructions and relevant industry and government codes and	
Problems	standards.	
FIODIEITIS	May include but not limited to:	
	equipment malfunction (e.g. mould damage)     variations in temporature, pressure, appead	
	<ul> <li>variations in temperature, pressure, speed</li> <li>variations in materials or contamination of materials</li> </ul>	
	Appropriate action for non-routine problems reported to  designated person or other action specified in the	
	designated person or other action specified in the procedures.	
	procedures.	

1 Page /3 of 128 1	f Education Polymer Proces yright Ethiopian Occup	<b>.</b>
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Evidence Guide	
Critical Aspects of	Demonstrate knowledge and skills to:
Competence	apply the required skills and knowledge to operate
	polystyrene shape moulding equipment
	apply approved procedures.
	consistent performance should be demonstrated. For
	example, look to see that:
	<ul> <li>polystyrene shape moulding production standards are met consistently</li> </ul>
	all safety procedures are followed.
Underpinning	Demonstrates knowledge of:
Knowledge and Attitudes	<ul> <li>materials, equipment and process sufficient to recognize out of specification products, process problems and materials faults.</li> </ul>
	organizations procedures and relevant regulatory requirements, within appropriate time constraints and work standards.
	Managing risks using the hierarchy of controls applied to the polystyrene shape moulding process. Application of approved hazard control and safety procedures and the use of PPE in relation to handling materials, equipment operation and cleanup.
	materials demand and production workflow sequences
	reasons for checking process control panels and reporting
	readings which do not conform to the work instructions
	potential effects of variations in raw materials and equipment operation in relation to quality of product
	waste management and importance of reusing non- conforming products wherever possible
	correct selection and use of equipment, materials, processes and procedures
	accurately monitoring equipment operation and product quality
	effect of unauthorized or emergency shutdown in relation to safety and production requirements
	factors which may affect product quality or production output
	and appropriate remedies
	processing behaviour of polymers and the role of additives.
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrates skills to:
	<ul> <li>plan own work, including predicting consequences and identifying improvements</li> </ul>
	identify when the operator is able to rectify faults, when
	assistance is required and who is the appropriate source for assistance
	Identify and describe own role and role of others involved directly in the polystyrene shape moulding process.
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Page 74 of 128	Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013	
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	<ul> <li>read and interpret typical product specifications, job sheets, procedures, basic machine control panels, material labels and safety information as provided to operators.</li> <li>write to the level of completing workplace forms.</li> <li>basic numeracy, e.g. how to determine that two 25 kg bags are needed to make up a requirement for 50 kg.</li> </ul>
Resources	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,
Implication	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to
	information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:
Assessment	Interview / Written Test
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated
Assessment	work place setting.

Occupational Standard: Polymer Processing Operation Level II		
Unit Title	Operate thermoforming equipment	
Unit Code	IND PP02 20 0613	
Unit Descriptor	This competency covers the operation of thermoforming equipment and the resolving of routine problems to procedure. This competency applies to all thermoforming operations within the plastics and rubber sectors. It includes the operation of all relevant additional equipment where that equipment is integral to the thermoforming process	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Check work requirements	1.1 Work requirements from production plan or request are identified.
	1.2 Product, materials and <i>tools and equipment</i> meet requirements for job(s) are checked.
	1.3 Requirements which may not be in accordance with usual practice are recognized.
	1.4 Questions of appropriate person to confirm unusual practice are asked.
	1.5 <i>Hazards</i> are identified associated with the job and take appropriate action.
	Other pre-operational checks in accordance with procedures are performed.
2. Start up	2.1 Pre-start checks are conducted.
thermoforming equipment to procedures	2.2 Thermoforming equipment is started up.
3. Operate	3.1 Process is checked operating within required limits.
equipment to procedures	3.2 Product is checked in specification and to required quality standard.
	3.3 Product is ensured consistently ready for next operation.
	3.4 Supply of material(s) is maintained as required.
	3.5 Logs and records are completed as required.
	3.6 Equipment and work area are kept clean.
	3.7 Other materials are collected and segregated scraped and trimmed as required.
	3.8 Machine cycle is paused and perform emergency stop is performed as required.

Page 76 of 128 Ministry of Educat	n Polymer Processing Operation	Version 1
Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	June 2013

4. Respond to routine problems in accordance with procedures	<ul><li>4.1 Known faults that occur during the operation is recognized.</li><li>4.2 Causes of routine faults are identified and action is taken.</li><li>4.3 <i>Problems</i> are logged as required.</li></ul>
p.cccam.cc	4.4 Non-routine problems are identified and reported to designated person.

Variable	Range		
Tools and equip	•	e but not limited to:	
	heaters		
	mould		
	<ul> <li>stacker</li> </ul>		
	<ul><li>winder</li></ul>		
	• granula	tor	
		ors and chutes	
	<ul> <li>hand to</li> </ul>	ols used in the thermoforming proces	SS
		nt personal protective equipment	
Hazards	May include	e but not limited to:	
	<ul><li>spills</li></ul>		
	• dusts/va	apors	
	<ul><li>slip and</li></ul>	fall (such as due to leaks)	
	•	ature (such as from ovens)	
		ous substances	
	<ul><li>moving</li></ul>	equipment (such as opening the too	l/mould cavity)
	<ul> <li>Manual</li> </ul>	handling hazards	
Procedures		workplace procedures, work instruc	
		s and relevant industry and governme	ent codes and
	standards		
Problems	_	e but not limited to:	
		ent malfunction	
		ns in temperature (such as uneven o	ven
	tempera	•	
	• pressur		
		such as cycle times)	
		ns in sheet or contamination of shee	t
	-	tool damage	
		e malfunction	
		ooling problems	
		ns in materials and/or contamination	of materials.
	<ul><li>wall thir</li></ul>	•	
	<ul><li>pin hole</li></ul>		
	•	rface finish	
	•	lour dispersion	
		g damage	
		contamination	
	black sp	oots	
Page 77 of 128	Ministry of Education	Polymer Processing Operation	Version 1

Page 77 of 128	Ministry of Education	Polymer Processing Operation	Version 1
. ago	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	June 2013

•	scorching
•	shrinkage
. •	Uneven stretching

Evidence Guide	
Critical Aspects of	Demonstrate knowledge and skills to:
Competence	operate an thermoforming machine
	apply approved procedures.
	Perform consistently. For example, look to see that:
	thermoforming production standards are met consistently.
	all safety procedures are followed
Underpinning Knowledge and Attitudes	<ul> <li>all safety procedures are followed</li> <li>Demonstrate knowledge of:         <ul> <li>Operate materials, equipment and process sufficient to recognize out of specification products, process problems and materials faults. For example, clamp frames are commonly used to hold heated sheet in place around the perimeter of each individual mould cavity creating. Therefore, clamp pressure should be monitored so that uniform parts are created and variation between cavities is reduced.</li> <li>organizations procedures and relevant regulatory requirements along with the ability to implement them within appropriate time constraints and work standards. For example, when monitoring process conditions, action should be taken when there is more than 10% shrinkage of the sheet during heating.</li> <li>managing risks using the hierarchy of controls applied to the thermoforming process. Application of approved hazard control and safety procedures and the use of PPE in relation to handling materials, equipment operation and cleanup.</li> <li>materials demand and production workflow sequences</li> <li>reasons for checking process control panels and reporting readings which are outside of normal range of process variability</li> <li>accurately monitoring equipment operation and product quality</li> <li>potential effects of variations in raw materials and equipment operation in relation to quality of product</li> <li>processing behaviour of polymers and the role of additives</li> <li>waste management and importance of reusing non-</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>conforming products wherever possible</li> <li>explaining the effect of unauthorized or emergency shutdown</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>explaining the effect of unauthorized or emergency shutdown in relation to safety and production requirements</li> </ul>
	correct selection and use of equipment, materials, processes and procedures
	Identifying factors which may affect product quality or production output and appropriate remedies
<u> </u>	1 - E. C. S. S. C. S. C. S. C. S. C. S. C.

	Page 78 of 128	Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013	1
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Underpinning Skills	Demonstrates skills to:	
on acrp mining craise	plan own work, including predicting consequences and identifying improvements	
	identify when the operator is able to rectify faults, when assistance is required and who is the appropriate source for assistance	
	Identify and describe own role and role of others involved directly in the thermoforming process.	
	<ul> <li>read and interpret typical product specifications, job sheets, procedures, material labels and safety information as provided to operators.</li> </ul>	
	write to the level of completing workplace forms.	
	basic numeracy, e.g. how to read and interpret temperature and pressure gauges, add weights and interpret graphs	
Resources	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,	
Implication	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to	
	information on workplace practices and OHS practices.	
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:	
Assessment	Interview / Written Test	
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning	
Context of Assessment	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting.	

Occupational Standard: Polymer Processing Operation Level II	
Unit Title	Operate Blown Film Equipment
Unit Code	IND PP02 21 0613
Unit Descriptor	This competency covers the operation of blown film equipment and the resolving of routine problems to procedure in the production process. This competency applies to operators who are required to undertake the routine operation of blown film equipment in the production process. The key factors are the making of products to meet quality standards and workplace requirements. This competency is typically performed by operators working either independently or as part of a work team.

Elements	Performance Criteria
Check work     requirements	1.1 Work requirements and <i>variables</i> from production plan or request identified.
	1.2 Product, materials and <i>tools and equipment</i> meet requirements for job(s) checked.
	1.3 Requirements which may not be in accordance with usual practice are recognized.
	1.4 Questions of appropriate person to confirm unusual practice are asked.
	1.5 Housekeeping is ensured to requirements.
	1.6 <i>Hazards</i> are identified associated with the job and take appropriate action.
	1.7 Other pre-operational checks in accordance with procedures are performed.
2 Start up blown film	2.1 Pre-start checks are conducted.
equipment to procedures	2.2 Blown film equipment is started up.
3. Operate blown film	3.1 Process is checked operating within required limits.
equipment	3.2 Product is checked in specification and to required quality standard.
	3.3 Product is ensured consistently ready for next operation.
	3.4 Supply of material(s) is maintained as required.
	3.5 Logs and records are completed as required.
	3.6 Other materials are collected and segregated scrapped and trimmed as required.
	3.7 Equipment and work area are kept clean.

Page 80 of 128	Ministry of Education	Polymer Processing Operation	Version 1
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	June 2013

	3.8 Machine cycle is paused and emergency stop is performed, as required.
4. Respond to routine problems to	4.1 Known faults that occur during the operation are recognized.
procedures	4.2 Causes of routine faults are identified and action is taken.
	4.3 <i>problems</i> are logged as required.
	4.4 Non-routine process and quality problems are identified and appropriate action is taken.

Variable	Range
Variables	May include but not limited to:
	equipment pressures and temperatures
	material specifications
	ambient temperature
Tools and equipment	May include but not limited to:
	extruder
	bubble guides and rollers
	film rollers, slitting, trimming and winding gear
	coolers, heaters and ancillary equipment
	hand tools, knives, adjustment tools
	relevant personal protective equipment
	Treatment unit.
Hazards	May include but not limited to:
	high air velocities
	high voltage corona treatment systems
	sharp knives
	high towers manual handling
	fumes, humidity, air temperatures, radiant heat, hot dies
	Stationary and moving machinery, parts and components.
Procedures	All relevant workplace procedures, work instructions,
	temporary instructions and relevant industry and government
Decklares	codes and standards.
Problems	May include but not limited to:
	extruder control
	contamination
	alignment and control of trimming and winding gear  Payment and control of trimming and control of trimming and control of trimming and control of triming and control of trimming and control
	<ul> <li>Raw material contamination, wrong grade, variations of polymer properties.</li> </ul>

Evidence Guide					
Competence • identify character the end		<ul> <li>identify charact the end</li> </ul>	te skills and knowledge to: critical materials properties and bloweristics in relation to the process recomproduct pproved procedures		
Page 81 of 128		of Education pyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013	

Lindorninning	<ul> <li>take appropriate action to resolve faults or report faults to appropriate personnel</li> <li>Explain and implement emergency shutdown procedures.</li> <li>Consistent performance should be demonstrated. In particular look to see that</li> <li>production standards are met consistently</li> <li>upstream and downstream communication is timely and effective operating procedures and work instructions are read and interpreted correctly</li> <li>problems are identified and appropriate action is taken (i.e., the problem is fixed or reported)</li> <li>All safety procedures are followed.</li> </ul>
Underpinning	Demonstrate knowledge of:
Knowledge and Attitudes	<ul> <li>Materials, equipment and process sufficient to recognize out of specification products, process problems and materials faults.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Procedures and relevant regulatory requirements along</li> </ul>
	with the ability to implement them within appropriate time
	constraints and work standards.
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrates skills to:
Onderprining Skills	
	operate blown film equipment and components;
	<ul> <li>produce workflow sequences and materials demand;</li> </ul>
	check process control panels and reporting readings which
	do not conform to the work instructions;
	<ul> <li>approve hazard control and safety procedures and the use of PPE in relation to handling materials,</li> </ul>
	Read and interpret typical product specifications, job
	sheets, procedures, material labels and safety information
	as provided to operators.
	Write to the level of completing workplace forms.
	Basic numeracy, e.g., to determine that two 25 kg bags are
	needed to make up a requirement for 50 kg.
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,
' '	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to
	information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Mathada of	· · ·
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:
Assessment	Interview / Written Test
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a
Assessment	simulated work place setting.
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Page	e 82 of 128	Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013	
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Occupational Standard: Polymer Processing Operation Level II			
Unit Title	Operate Filament Winding Equipment		
Unit Code	IND PP02 22 0613		
Unit Descriptor	This competency covers the operation of filament winding equipment for composite products and the resolving of routine problems to procedure in the production process. This competency applies to operators who are required to undertake the routine operation of filament winding equipment. This competency is typically performed by operators working either independently or as part of a work team.		

Elements	Performance Criteria
Check work     requirements	1.1 Work requirements and <i>variables</i> from production plan or request are identified.
	1.2 Product, materials and <i>tools and equipment</i> meet requirements for job(s) are checked.
	Requirements which may not be in accordance with usual practice are recognized.
	1.4 Questions of appropriate person to confirm unusual practice are asked.
	1.5 Housekeeping is ensured to requirements.
	1.6 <i>Hazards</i> are identified associated with the job and take appropriate action
	1.7 Other pre-operational checks are performed in accordance with <i>procedures</i> .
2. Conduct pre-	2.1 Safety equipment is checked in place and working.
operational checks as required	2.2 Moulds, closures and fitting to procedures are checked
ao roquirou	<ol><li>2.3 Moulds for cracks, chips marks and cleanliness are checked.</li></ol>
	2.4 Materials, including fibers, resins, and additives are checked and released agents are corrected.
	2.5 Other pre-operational checks are undertaken in accordance with procedures.
3. Operate	3.1 Process is checked operating within required limits.
equipment to procedures	3.2 Product is checked in specification and to required quality standard.
	3.3 Products are collected and stored as required.
	3.4 Supply of material(s) is maintained as required.
	3.5 Logs and records are completed as required.

Page 83 of 128	Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013	
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	3.6 Waste and other materials are collected and segregated scraped as required.
	3.7 Equipment and work are kept clean.
	3.8 Machine cycle is paused and performed emergency stop as required.
4. Respond to routine problems in accordance with procedures	4.1 Known faults that occur during the operation are recognized.
	4.2 Causes of routine faults are identified and action is taken.
	4.3 <b>Problems</b> are logged as required.
	4.4 Non-routine problems are identified and reported to designated person.

Variable	Range		
Variables	May include but not limited to:		
	operating temperatures		
	• speed		
	• colour		
	cycle time		
	output rate		
	product weight		
	<ul> <li>Product integrity and general conformance to specification/sample.</li> </ul>		
Tools and equipment	May include but not limited to:		
	filament winding equipment and its major components		
	hand tools used in the this process		
	material loading equipment used for loading of filament		
	spools and resins		
	Relevant personal protective equipment.		
	<ul> <li>Tool bar, industrial blade, spacer and bobbin.</li> </ul>		
Hazards	May include but not limited to:		
	• spills		
	dusts/vapors		
	slip and fall		
	temperature (such as heat from curing oven)		
	hazardous substances		
	<ul> <li>moving equipment (such as removing the mandrel using an extractor carriage) and manual handling hazards.</li> </ul>		
Procedures	All relevant workplace procedures, work instructions, temporary		
	instructions and relevant industry and government codes and		
	standards.		
Problems	May include but not limited to:		
	equipment malfunction		
	variations in process conditions		
	variations in materials or contamination of materials		

Page 84 of 128	Ministry of Education	Polymer Processing Operation	Version 1
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	June 2013

<ul> <li>equipment, tool, die damage</li> <li>machine malfunction</li> <li>mould/tooling problems</li> <li>Variations in materials and/or contamination of materials.</li> <li>voids</li> <li>holes</li> <li>poor surface finish</li> <li>colour contamination</li> <li>release from mandrel damage</li> <li>Routine product faults.</li> <li>Appropriate action for non-routine problems reporting to designated person or other action specified in the</li> </ul>
designated person or other action specified in the procedures.

Competence  a p w Underpinning Knowledge and Attitudes  o	onstrate knowledge and skills to: perate a filament winding machine pply approved procedures. erform consistently. For example, look to see that filament vinding production standards are met consistently. onstrate knowledge of: naterials, equipment, and process sufficient to recognize ut of specification products, process problems and naterials faults. For example, the impregnated fibers need
Underpinning Dem Knowledge and Attitudes	pply approved procedures. erform consistently. For example, look to see that filament vinding production standards are met consistently. onstrate knowledge of: naterials, equipment, and process sufficient to recognize ut of specification products, process problems and
Underpinning Dem Knowledge and Attitudes • p	erform consistently. For example, look to see that filament vinding production standards are met consistently. onstrate knowledge of: naterials, equipment, and process sufficient to recognize ut of specification products, process problems and
Underpinning Dem Knowledge and Attitudes o	vinding production standards are met consistently. onstrate knowledge of: naterials, equipment, and process sufficient to recognize ut of specification products, process problems and
Knowledge and Attitudes • m	naterials, equipment, and process sufficient to recognize ut of specification products, process problems and
Attitudes	ut of specification products, process problems and
to u d d • o o re a a • m • re re a a q q • p o o • w c c p	be consistently laid onto the mandrel to ensure a strong, niform finished product. Therefore, the fiber bandwidth iameter needs to be monitored.  rganizations procedures and relevant regulatory equirements along with the ability to implement them within ppropriate time constraints and work standards.  nanaging risks using the hierarchy of controls applied to the lament winding process. Application of approved hazard ontrol and safety procedures and the use of PPE in relation of handling materials, equipment operation and cleanup. In haterials demand and production workflow sequences easons for checking process control panels and reporting eadings which do not conform to the work instructions occurately monitoring equipment operation and product wality  otential effects of variations in raw materials and equipment peration in relation to quality of product waste management and importance of reusing non-onforming products wherever possible orrect selection and use of equipment, materials, rocesses and procedures dentifying factors which may affect product quality or

Page 85 of 128	Ministry of Education	Polymer Processing Operation	Version 1
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	June 2013

	production output and appropriate remedies
	<ul> <li>setting up dies, mandrels or formers</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>using of composites materials, including release agents,</li> </ul>
	resins and fibbers
	operating equipment, including PLC controls
	<ul> <li>curing of products, including application of wraps, heat or pressure.</li> </ul>
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrates skills to:
	<ul> <li>plan own work, including predicting consequences and identifying improvements</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>identify when the operator is able to rectify faults, when</li> </ul>
	assistance is required and who is the appropriate source for assistance
	<ul> <li>Identify and describe own role and role of others involved</li> </ul>
	directly in the process.
	<ul> <li>read and interpret typical product specifications, job sheets, procedures, material labels and safety information as</li> </ul>
	provided to operators.
	<ul> <li>write to the level of completing workplace forms.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>numeracy to the level of reading tables of figures and graphs (and applying the resultant information), using formula</li> </ul>
	percentages/ratios to determine the required mass of an
	additive (catalyst, pigment etc.) for a given amount of resin, and similar manipulations and interpretation.
	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,
	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to
	information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:
Assessment	Interview / Written Test
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a
Assessment	simulated work place setting

Occupational Title: Polymer Processing Operation Level II		
Unit Title	Set Up and Operate Weaving Looms for Production	
Unit Code	IND PP02 23 0613	
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers the skills and knowledge required to set up and operate weaving looms in polymer fabric production including set up for production changes and the conduct of sample runs.	

Element	Performance Criteria
Conduct sample     run on new     product and	1. 1. <b>Loom</b> is set up and operated in accordance with manufacturer and workplace instructions to produce a specified sample of a new design or product.
organize sample quality testing	Sample is produced and tested, or the test is organized, in accordance with workplace procedures to ensure required standards of quality are met.
	Test results are interpreted to determine adjustment requirements.
Set up weaving loom	2.1 <b>Product specifications</b> are interpreted correctly in relation to loom setting requirements.
	2.2 Loom is set in accordance with product specifications, loom manufacturer instructions and workplace <i>regulatory requirements</i> .
	Loom is operated in accordance with manufacturer and workplace instructions to produce a specified sample.
	2.4 Loom is set to run at optimum quality and efficiency levels.
	2.5 <b>Electronic process</b> monitoring is set safely and to the correct functions if applicable.
3. Supervise loom	3.1 Loom started and stopped safely without creating faults.
operation	3.2 Loom is set to produce required quantity and quality of product.
	3.3 Weaving operators are instructed on any special operating requirements and <b>OHS practices</b> implementation.
	3.4 Assistance is provided to loom operators as required.
Readjust     machine     settings to meet     requirements	4.1 Adjustment changes are assessed in accordance with product and loom specifications.
	4.2 Loom specifications are changed and recorded to meet product requirements.
	4.3 Appropriate production personnel are informed for the availability of the new loom set-up.
	4.4 Loom is monitored during production process.

Page 87 of 128 Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013
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5. Maintain	5.1	Records are maintained and reports prepared, where
records		necessary.

Variable	Range
Looms	May include but not limited to:
	weaving looms
	any ancillary machine typically used in the weaving sector
	concerned for example loading and unloading equipment
	microprocessor or computer controlled looms
	both production and service equipment used in the enterprise
	all shuttle types
Product	May include but not limited to:
specifications	quality name
	pick-up
	• width
	length
	density
Regulatory	All work must comply with relevant Federal and Regional State
requirements	legislative or regulatory requirements.
Electronic process	May include but not limited to:
	horseshoe wire
	knock offs      knock offs
	photo cells
	micro switches      Hear and these
	• fiber optics
OLIC prostices	missing end detectors (med)  May include but not limited to:
OHS practices	May include but not limited to:
	manual handling techniques     standard energing procedures
	standard operating procedures     percent protective agreement
	<ul><li>personal protective equipment</li><li>safe materials handling</li></ul>
	taking of rest breaks
	ergonomic arrangement of workplaces
	following marked walkways
	safe storage of equipment
	housekeeping
	reporting accidents and incidents
	<ul> <li>other OHS practices relevant to the job and enterprise</li> </ul>
	- other of to practices relevant to the job and enterprise

Evidence Guide		
Critical Aspects of	Demonstrates knowledge and skills to:	
Competence	interpret production specifications accurately	
	set loom correctly	
	operate loom safely and correctly	
	perform sample runs	

Page 88 of 128 Ministry of Copy		Version 1 June 2013
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	arrange or conduct testing of sample
	make appropriate readjustments
	<ul> <li>apply workplace health and safety policies in production</li> </ul>
	operations
	maintain accurate records
Underpinning	<ul> <li>fiber types and their method of production</li> </ul>
Knowledge and	fiber parameters
Attitudes	tape denier
	<ul> <li>warping methods</li> </ul>
	fiber conditioning
	fabric types
	design types
	set construction
	warp tying methods
	loom components
	weaving process and the various types of weaving
	<ul> <li>factors affecting loom performance, i.e. fiber strength, fiber</li> </ul>
	width, elongation and denier.
	<ul> <li>setting up and adjustment requirements for the range of</li> </ul>
	machines and equipment used in the enterprise
	machine manufacturer specifications
	safety and environmental aspects of relevant enterprise
	activities
	OHS practices, including hazard identification and control
	measures
	quality practices
	workplace practices
	<ul> <li>recording and reporting practices</li> </ul>
Underpinning	Demonstrates skills to:
Skills	set and operate machines
	<ul> <li>operate primary mechanisms, e.g. weft insertion, pick-up, let</li> </ul>
	off and take up
	test, analyze and prepare samples
	differentiate between constructions
	differentiate between types of weaves
	draw up a simple range of patterns
	<ul> <li>read, interpret and follow information on work specifications,</li> </ul>
	standard operating procedures and work instructions and other
	reference material
	maintain accurate records
	communicate within the workplace
	sequence operations
	meet specifications
	<ul> <li>clarify and check task-related information</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>carry our work according to OHS practices</li> </ul>
Resources	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,
1100001000	1 / 100000 to roquirod to roar or appropriatory diminiation dituations,

I Pade 89 of 128 I	of Education Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	• .
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Implication	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to
	Information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of	Competence may be accessed through:
Assessment	Interview / Written Test
	<ul> <li>Observation / Demonstration and Oral Questioning</li> </ul>
Context of	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated
Assessment	work place setting

Occupational Standard: Polymer Processing Operation Level II		
Unit Title	Apply Liquid Surface Coatings	
Unit Code	IND PP02 24 0613	
Unit Descriptor	This competency covers the application of surface coatings by hand, spray gun or immersion and the resolving of routine problems to procedure. This competency applies to operators who are required to apply surface coatings to products by hand, spray gun or immersion. It is typically performed by operators working either independently or as part of a work team.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Check work     requirements	1.1 Work requirements and <i>variables</i> from production plan or request are identified.
	1.2 Appropriate tools and equipments, or techniques and materials to be used are selected and checked.
	<ol> <li>Requirements which may not be in accordance with usual practice are recognized.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Questions of appropriate person to confirm non standard job specifications are asked.</li> </ol>
	1.5 Housekeeping is ensured to requirements.
	1.6 Hazards are identified associated with the job and take appropriate action.
	1.7 Other pre-operational checks are performed in accordance with <i>procedures</i>
Start up surface coating equipment	2.1 Pre-start check on equipment is conducted.
to procedures	2.2 Coating equipment to procedures is started.
Apply surface coating	3.1 Process is checked operating within required limits.
coating	3.2 Coating is checked in specification and to required quality standard.
	3.3 Supply of material(s) is maintained as required.
	3.4 Waste and other materials are collected and segregated scrapped as required.
	3.5 Logs and records are completed as required.
	3.6 Equipment and work area are kept clean.
	3.7 Equipment is shut down as required.
4. Respond to routine problems in accordance with	4.1 Known faults that occur during the operation are recognized.
procedures	4.2 Causes of routine faults are identified and action is taken.

Page 91 of 128 Mir	nistry of Education	Polymer Processing Operation	Version 1
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	June 2013

4.	3 <b>Problems</b> are logged as required.
4.	Non-routine problems are identified and reported to designated person.

Variable	Range		
Variables	May include but not limited to:		
	spray patterns		
	materials consistency		
	finished colour		
	surface finish		
	product integrity and general conformance to specifications		
	coating viscosity		
	Solvent/thinner blends ratios		
Tools and equipment	May include but not limited to:		
	coating equipment (such as brushes, spray guns film		
	coaters, immersion equipment)		
	additional equipment (such as vapors extraction, application)		
	booths)		
	<ul> <li>manual handling aids (such as hand carts, trolleys)</li> </ul>		
	hoists/lifting equipment not requiring any special permits or		
	licenses		
	Relevant personal protective equipment		
Hazards	May include but not limited to:		
	spills and splashes		
	toxic fumes or vapors		
	hazardous materials		
	manual handling hazards and flammable vapors		
Procedures	All relevant workplace procedures, work instructions, temporary		
	instructions and relevant industry and government codes and		
	standards		
Problems	May include but not limited to:		
	incorrect selection of materials		
	variations in materials		
	contamination of materials or product surface		
	inappropriate application of coatings		
	dust and other contamination		
	drying rates		
	film thickness variation		
	film application rates		
	coverage and opacity		
	Products with surface or other faults.		
	Appropriate action for non-routine problems may be		
	reporting to designated person or other action specified in		
	the procedures		

Page 92 of 128 Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013
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Evidence Guide			
Critical Aspects of	Demonstrate knowledge and skills to:		
Competence	operate surface coating equipment		
	<ul> <li>apply approved procedures.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>perform consistently. For example, look to see that:</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>surface coating production standards are met consistently</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>all safety procedures are followed.</li> </ul>		
Underpinning	Demonstrate knowledge of:		
Knowledge and	<ul> <li>materials, equipment and process sufficient to recognize out</li> </ul>		
Attitudes	of specification products, process problems and materials		
	faults.		
	<ul> <li>organizations procedures, quality requirements and relevant</li> </ul>		
	regulatory requirements along with the ability to implement		
	them within appropriate time constraints and work standards.		
	<ul> <li>managing risk using the hierarchy of controls applied to the</li> </ul>		
	coating process. Application of approved hazard control and		
	safety procedures and the use of PPE in relation to handling		
	materials, equipment operation and cleanup		
	operating surface coating process and equipment sufficient for		
	consistent production of quality products		
	materials demand and production workflow sequences		
	<ul> <li>correct selection and use of equipment or tool/s, materials,</li> </ul>		
	processes and procedures		
	<ul> <li>accurately monitoring equipment operation and product quality</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>reasons for checking process control panels and reporting</li> </ul>		
	readings which are outside of the normal range of process variability		
	<ul> <li>identifying factors which may affect product quality or</li> </ul>		
	production output and appropriate remedies		
	<ul> <li>potential effects of variations in materials and equipment</li> </ul>		
	operation in relation to quality of product		
	<ul> <li>processing behaviour of polymers and the role of additives</li> </ul>		
	effect of unauthorized or emergency work stoppage in relation		
	to safety and production requirements		
	waste management and knowing the importance of reusing		
	non-conforming products wherever possible		
	basic pre-blending of materials  and light and another are		
Underninging Chille	application of coatings.  Demonstrates skills to:		
Underpinning Skills			
	<ul> <li>plan own work, including predicting consequences and identifying improvements</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>identifying improvements</li> <li>identify when the operator is able to rectify faults, when</li> </ul>		
	assistance is required and who is the appropriate source for		
	assistance		
	identify and describe own role and role of others involved		
Page 93 of 128 Minis	try of Education Polymer Processing Operation Version 1		

	<ul> <li>directly in the coating process</li> <li>read and interpret typical product specifications, job sheets, procedures, material labels and safety information as provided to operators.</li> <li>write to the level of completing workplace forms.</li> <li>basic numeracy, e.g. how to determine that two 25 kg bags are needed to make up a requirement for 50 kg.</li> </ul>
Resources	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,
Implication	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:
Assessment	Interview / Written Test
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated
Assessment	work place setting.

Occupational Standard: Polymer Processing Operation Level II	
Unit Title	Operate Printing Equipment
Unit Code	IND PP02 25 0613
Unit Descriptor	This competency covers the operation of printing equipment and the resolving of routine problems to procedure in the production process. This competency applies to operators who are required to undertake the routine printing on products. The key factors are the making of products to meet quality standards and workplace requirements. This competency is typically performed by operators working either independently or as part of a work team.

Elements	Performance Criteria
Check work     requirements	.1 Work requirements and <i>variables</i> from production plan or request are identified.
	.2 Product, materials and tools and equipment meet requirements for job(s) are checked.
	.3 Requirements which may not be in accordance with usual practice are recognized.
	.4 Questions of appropriate person to confirm unusual practice are asked.
	.5 Housekeeping is ensured to requirements.
	.6 <i>Hazards</i> are identified associated with the job and take appropriate action.
	.7 Other Pre-operational checks are performed in accordance with <i>procedures</i> .
2 Start up printing	2.1 Pre-start checks are conducted.
equipment to procedures	2.2 Printing equipment is started up.
Operate printing equipment to procedures	3.1 Process is checked operating within required limits.
	8.2 Product is checked in specification and to required quality standard.
	3.3 Product is ensured consistently ready for next operation.
	3.4 Supply of material(s) is maintained as required.
	3.5 Logs and records are completed as required.
	Other materials are collected and segregated scrapped and trimmed as required.
	3.7 Equipment and work area are kept clean.
	8.8 Machine cycle is paused and performed emergency stop, as required.

Page 95 of 128 Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013	
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problems in	4.1	Known faults that occur during the operation are recognized.
accordance with procedure	4.2	Causes of routine faults are identified and action is taken.
procedure	4.3	Problems are logged as required.
	4.4	Non-routine process and quality problems are identified and appropriate action is taken.

Variable	Range		
Variables	May include but not limited to:		
	printing time cycles		
	types of printing media		
	surface checking and preparation		
	Location of print media on product		
Tools and equipment	May include but not limited to:		
	process equipment and its major components		
	hand tools used in the this process		
	material loading equipment used for loading of raw materials		
	Relevant personal protective equipment		
Hazards	May include but not limited to:		
	• spills		
	dusts/vapors		
	slip and fall		
	hazardous substances particularly solvents and flammables		
	moving equipment		
	manual handling hazard		
Procedures	All relevant workplace procedures, work instructions, temporary		
	instructions and relevant industry and government codes and		
	standards		
Problems	May include but not limited to:		
	<ul> <li>printing equipment malfunction</li> <li>variations in process conditions such as temperature,</li> </ul>		
	humidity variations in materials or surface		
	preparation/condition or contamination of materials/surface		
	to be printed		
	printing equipment damage		
	Print register.		
	routine product faults such as unclear/incomplete printing,		
	colour variation, drying time variation		
	printing machine malfunction     Variations in materials/surface to be printed and/or		
	Variations in materials/surface to be printed and/or contamination of materials/surface		
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Evidence Guide				
Critical Aspects of Competence		<ul> <li>Demonstrate knowledge and skills to:</li> <li>recognize the importance of material properties and qualities</li> <li>apply approved procedures</li> </ul>		
Page 96 of 128		of Education opyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013

take appropriate action to resolve faults or report faults to appropriate personnel explain and implement emergency shutdown procedures. perform consistently. For example, look to see that: production standards are met consistently upstream and downstream communication is timely and effective operating procedures and work instructions are read and interpreted correctly > problems are identified and appropriate action is taken (i.e. the problem is fixed or reported) > All safety procedures are followed Underpinning Demonstrate knowledge of: Knowledge and materials, equipment and process sufficient to recognize out Attitudes of specification products, process problems and materials faults. organizations procedures and relevant regulatory requirements along with the ability to implement them within appropriate time constraints and work standards. operation of printing equipment and main components sufficient for consistent production of quality products operating of process equipment and components materials demand and production workflow sequences reasons for checking process control panels and reporting readings which do not conform to the work instructions approved hazard control and safety procedures • use PPE in relation to handling materials, equipment operation and cleanup safely handle products and materials reading relevant safety information and apply safety precautions appropriate to the task potential effects of variations in raw materials and equipment operation in relation to quality of product · waste management and importance of reusing nonconforming products wherever possible correct selection and use of equipment, materials, processes and procedures planning own work, including predicting consequences and identifying improvements monitoring equipment operation and product quality • identifying when the operator is able to rectify faults, when assistance is required and who is the appropriate source for assistance identifying and describe own role and role of others involved directly in the process identifying factors which may affect product quality or

Page 97 of 128	Ministry of Education	Polymer Processing Operation	Version 1
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	June 2013

	<ul> <li>production output and appropriate remedies</li> <li>pausing or shut down equipment in abnormal circumstances</li> <li>explaining the effect of unauthorized or emergency shutdown in relation to safety and production requirements</li> <li>Distinguishing between possible causes of routine faults such as: incorrect printing ink; incorrect quantity of ink; variations in/contamination of ink and or surface to be printed; equipment faults; mould/ die/tool damage</li> <li>variations in ambient conditions such as temperature and humidity; machine failure</li> </ul>
Underpinning Skills	<ul> <li>Demonstrate skills to:</li> <li>read and interpret typical product specifications, job sheets, procedures, material labels and safety information as provided to operators.</li> <li>write is required to the level of completing workplace forms.</li> <li>basic numeracy, e.g. how to determine that two 25 kg bags are needed to make up a requirement for 50 kg.</li> </ul>
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of Assessment	Competence may be assessed through:  Interview / Written Test  Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of Assessment	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting

Occupational Standard: Polymer Processing Operation Level II		
Unit Title	Operate Film Conversion Equipment	
Unit Code	IND PP02 26 0613	
Unit Descriptor	This competency covers the operation of plastic film conversion equipment and the resolving of routine problems to procedure. This competency applies to operators who are required to undertake the routine operation of plastic film rewinding, cutting and sealing equipment. The key factors are the making of products to meet quality standards and workplace requirements. This competency is typically performed by operators working either independently or as part of a work team.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Check work     requirements	1.1 Work requirements and <i>variables</i> from production plan or request are identified.
	1.2 Product, materials and <i>tools and equipments</i> meet requirements for job(s) are checked.
	Requirements which may not be in accordance with usual practice are recognized.
	1.4 Questions of appropriate person to confirm unusual practice are asked.
	1.5 Housekeeping is ensured to requirements.
	1.6 <i>Hazards</i> are identified associated with the job and take appropriate action.
	Other pre-operational checks are performed in accordance with <i>procedures</i> .
2. Start up film	2.1 Pre-start checks are conducted.
conversion equipment to procedures	2.2 Film conversion equipment is started up.
3. Operate film	3.1 Process is checked operating within required limits.
conversion equipment to procedures	3.2 Product is checked in specification and to required quality standard.
procedures	3.3 Product is ensured consistently ready for next operation.
	3.4 Supply of material(s) is maintained as required.
	3.5 Logs and records are completed as required.
	3.6 Other materials are collected and segregated scrapped and trimmed as required.

Page 99 of 128	Ministry of Education	Polymer Processing Operation	Version 1
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	June 2013

	<ul><li>3.7 Equipment and work area are kept clean.</li><li>3.8 Machine cycle is paused and performed emergency stop, as required.</li></ul>	
4. Respond to routine problems to procedures	4.1 Known faults that occur during the operation are recognized.	
	4.2 Causes of routine faults are identified and action is taken.	
	4.3 <b>Problems</b> are logged as required.	
	4.4 Non-routine process and quality problems are identified and appropriate action is taken.	

Variable	Range
Variables	May include but not limited to:
	machine cycle times
	temperature variations
	guillotine settings
	product dimensions
	moisture content
	Permeability
	Perforation
Tools and equipment	May include but not limited to:
	hand tools used in the film conversion process
	material loading equipment used for loading of raw materials
	Relevant personal protective equipment
Hazards	May include but not limited to:
	cut hazards
	nip hazards
	compressed air
	• vapors
	slip and fall
	temperature
	hazardous substances
	moving equipment
	Manual handling hazards
Procedures	May include but not limited to:
	All relevant workplace procedures, work instructions,
	temporary instructions and relevant industry and
5	government codes and standards
Problems	May include but not limited to:
	equipment malfunction
	registration
	blocking
	Seal bar temperature or wear/damage
	contamination

Page 100 of 128 Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013	
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•	seal appearance
•	seal strength
•	bag dimensions
•	Variations in materials and/or contamination of materials

Evidence Guide	
Critical Aspects of	Demonstrate knowledge and skills to:
Competence	<ul> <li>recognize the importance of material properties and qualities</li> <li>apply approved procedures</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>take appropriate action to resolve faults or report faults to appropriate personnel</li> </ul>
	explain and implement emergency shutdown procedures.
	perform consistently. For example, look to see that:
	<ul> <li>conversion production standards are met consistently</li> <li>upstream and downstream communication is timely and effective</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>operating procedures and work instructions are read and interpreted correctly</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>problems are identified and appropriate action is taken         <ul> <li>(i.e. the problem is fixed or reported)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Underning	> All safety procedures are followed
Underpinning	Demonstrate knowledge of:
Knowledge and Attitudes	<ul> <li>materials, equipment and process sufficient to recognize out of specification products, process problems and materials faults.</li> </ul>
	organizations procedures and relevant regulatory requirements along with the ability to implement them within appropriate time constraints and work standards.
	operating film conversion equipment and main components sufficient for consistent production of quality products  and the products  and the products  and the product of the product
	sealing pressure     sealing pressure
	sealing temperature     sealing time
	sealing time     metarials demand and production workflow sequences.
	<ul> <li>materials demand and production workflow sequences</li> <li>reasons for checking process control panels and reporting</li> </ul>
	readings which do not conform to the work instructions
	<ul> <li>approved hazard control and safety procedures and the use of PPE in relation to handling materials</li> </ul>
	equipment operation and cleanup
	<ul> <li>potential effects of variations in raw materials and equipment operation in relation to quality of product</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>waste management and importance of reusing non-</li> </ul>
	conforming products wherever possible
	correct selection and use of equipment, materials, processes and procedures

Page 101 of 128 Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013	
---	---	------------------------	--

	<ul> <li>planning own work, including predicting consequences and identifying improvements</li> </ul>
	, , ,
	monitoring equipment operation and product quality
	identifying when the operator is able to rectify faults, when
	assistance is required and who is the appropriate source for
	assistance
	<ul> <li>identifying and describing own role and role of others involved directly in the film converting process</li> </ul>
	identifying factors which may affect product quality or
	production output and appropriate remedies
	using PPE, safely handle products and materials, read
	relevant safety information and apply safety precautions appropriate to the task
	pausing or shut down equipment in abnormal circumstances
	explaining the effect of unauthorized or emergency shutdown
	in relation to safety and production requirements
	distinguishing between possible causes of routine conversion
	faults such as incorrect materials; contaminated materials;
	equipment faults; seal bar damage; machine failure
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrate skills to:
	plan own work, including predicting consequences and
	identifying improvements
	monitor equipment operation and product quality
	use PPE, safely handle products and materials, read relevant
	safety information and apply safety precautions appropriate to
	the task
	pause or shut down equipment in abnormal circumstances
	read and interpret typical product specifications, job sheets,
	procedures, material labels and safety information as provided
	to operators.
	write to the level of completing workplace forms.
	basic numeracy, e.g. how to determine that two 25 kg bags
	are needed to make up a requirement for 50 kg.
Resources	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,
Implication	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to
	information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:
Assessment	Interview / Written Test
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated
Assessment	work place setting.

Occupational Standard: Polymer Processing Operation Level II		
Unit Title Check Recycle Wash Process		
Unit Code	IND PP02 27 0613	
Unit Descriptor	This competency covers the use of recycle wash equipment and checking of the process. This competency applies to operators who are required to use recycle wash equipment and checking of the process. This competency is typically performed by operators working either independently or as part of a work team.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Check work     requirements	1.1 Work requirements and <i>variables</i> from workplace approved operating <i>procedures</i> are identified.
	Requirements which may not be in accordance with usual practice are recognized.
	1.3 Questions of appropriate person to confirm unusual practice are asked.
	1.4 Housekeeping is ensured to requirements.
	1.5 <i>Hazards</i> are identified associated with the job and take appropriate action.
2. Conduct pre-start checks to procedures	2.1 products are inspected and sampled in line with workplace procedures.
procedures	2.2 <b>tools and equipments</b> components and component function are checked to the required quality standard.
	2.3 fluid circuits, pumps, shutoffs and control valves are checked and tested.
3. Operate recycle washer equipment	3.1 Machine is started safely and correctly when required.
in accordance with	3.2 Process is checked operating with required limits.
procedures	3.3 Product samples are collected and stored.
	3.4 Product is checked in specification / to required quality standard.
	3.5 Supply of material(s) is maintained as required.
	3.6 Logs and records are completed as required.
	3.7 Other materials are collected and reprocessed/discarded scrapped/trimmed in accordance with workplace procedures.
	3.8 Readouts are checked against standard statistical process information and enter production data into the control system.

	informa system.	tion and enter production data into t	ne control
Page 103 of 128	Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation	Version 1
Page 103 01 126	Oopyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	June 2013

	3.9 Equipment and work area are kept clean.
	3.10 Machine cycle is paused and performed emergency stop, as required.
4. Identify product quality requirements	4.1 Process is checked and noted conditions which may affect product quality standards.
Toquilonio	4.2 Reports from quality inspections are interpreted and rectified or reported as appropriate equipment conditions within workplace procedures.
	4.3 Authorized changes in standard operating procedures and specifications are noted and implemented.
5. Respond to routine problems in	5.1 Known faults that occur during the operation are recognized.
accordance with	5.2 Causes of routine faults are identified and action is taken.
procedures	5.3 <b>Problems</b> are logged as required.
	5.4 Non-routine process and quality problems are identified and appropriate action is taken.

Variable	Range	
Variables	May include but not limited to:	
	temperature	
	pressure	
	• time	
	feed rate	
	Clamp/press cycle.	
Tools and equipment	May include but not limited to:	
	hand carts and trolleys and other manual handling aids	
	knives and basic hand tools required for opening of material	
	packaging	
	hoists/lifting equipment not requiring any special permits or	
	licenses	
	bung spanners and similar	
	relevant personal protective equipment.	
Hazards	May include but not limited to:	
	• spills	
	hazardous materials	
	moving equipment	
	Manual handling hazards.	
Procedures	May include but not limited to:	
	All operations are performed in accordance with procedures.	
	All relevant workplace procedures, work instructions,	
	temporary instructions and relevant industry and	
	government codes and standards.	

Page 104 of 128	Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation	Version 1
	Оорупуп	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	June 2013

Problems	May include but not limited to:
	equipment malfunction
	<ul> <li>Variations in materials or contamination of materials.</li> </ul>
	incorrect raw materials/additives
	<ul> <li>Incorrect quantity of materials/additives.</li> </ul>
	Appropriate action for non-routine problems may be
	reporting to designated person or other action specified in
	procedures.

Evidence Guide		
Critical Aspects of	Demonstrate knowledge and skills to:	
Competence	operate recycle wash equipment	
	Apply approved procedures.	
	Perform consistently. For example, look to see that recycle	
	wash standards are met consistently.	
Underpinning	Demonstrate knowledge of:	
Knowledge and Attitudes	<ul> <li>materials, equipment and process sufficient to recognize out of specification products, process problems and materials faults.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>organization procedures, relevant regulatory requirements and the ability to implement them within appropriate time constraints and work standards.</li> </ul>	
	managing risks using the hierarchy of controls applied to the recycle wash process. Application of approved hazard control and safety procedures and the use of PPE in relation to handling materials, equipment operation and cleanup.	
	operating recycle wash equipment and its main components sufficient for consistent production of quality products	
	impact of incorrect or faulty materials	
	focus of operation of work systems and equipment	
	<ul> <li>hazards of the materials and process and appropriate hazard control procedures</li> </ul>	
	accurately monitoring equipment operation	
	<ul> <li>identifying factors which may affect product quality or production output and appropriate remedies</li> </ul>	
	explaining the effect of unauthorized or emergency	
	shutdown in relation to safety and production requirements.	
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrate skills to:	
	operate recycle wash equipment	
	plan own work, including predicting consequences and	
	identifying improvements	
	<ul> <li>identify when the operator is able to rectify problems, when assistance is required and who is the appropriate source for assistance</li> </ul>	

Page 105 of 128	Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation	Version 1
Page 105 01 126	5 01 128 Gopyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	June 2013

	<ul> <li>Identify and describe own role and role of others involved directly in the recycle wash process.</li> <li>read and interpret typical product specifications, job sheets, procedures, material labels and safety information as provided to operators.</li> <li>write to the level of completing workplace forms.</li> <li>basic numeracy, e.g. how to determine that two 25 kg bags are needed to make up a requirement for 50 kg.</li> </ul>	
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.	
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:	
Assessment	Interview / Written Test	
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning	
Context of	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting.	
Assessment		

Page 106 of 128	Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation	Version 1
		Ethiopian Occupational Standard	June 2013

Occupational Standard: Polymer Processing Operation Level II				
Unit Title	Demould Product			
Unit Code	IND PP02 28 0613			
Unit Descriptor	This competency covers the removal of products from moulds.  This competency applies to operators who are involved in the removal of products from moulds and is typically performed by operators working either independently or as part of a work team.			

Elements		Perf	erformance Criteria				
Check work requirements	5	1.1	Work requirements and variables from production plan or request are identified.				
		1.2	Product, materials and tools and equipments meet requirements for job(s) are checked.				
		1.3	Requirements which may not be in accordance with usual practice are recognized.				
		1.4	Questions of appropriate person to confirm non standard job specifications are asked.				
		1.5	Hazards are identified associated with the job and take appropriate action.				
		1.6	Other pre-operational checks are performed in accordance with <i>procedures</i> .				
2. Demould prod		2.1	Mould is opened.				
to procedure	S	2.2	Product is removed in accordance with procedures.				
		2.3	Surface of mould is cleaned and applied release agent as required.				
		2.4	Supply of material(s) is maintained as required.				
		2.5	Logs and records are completed as required.				
		2.6	Waste and other materials are collected and segregated scrapped as required.				
		2.7	Equipment and work area are kept clean.				
3. Respond to problems in		3.1	Known faults that occur during the operation are recognized.				
accordance	with	3.2	Causes of routine faults are identified and action is taken.				
procedures	3.	3.3	<b>Problems</b> are logged as required.				
			and ap	outine process and quality problems opropriate action is taken.	are identified		
D 407 (400	Ministry of Education Copyright			Polymer Processing Operation	Version 1		
Page 107 of 128			IL	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	June 2013		

Variable	Range
Variables	May include but not limited to:
	temperature
	• pressure
	• time
	feed rate
	Clamp/press cycle.
Tools and	May include but not limited to:
equipment	<ul> <li>use of handling aid (e.g. handcarts, hoists, jigs and gantries)</li> </ul>
	pedestrian forklift
	<ul> <li>hand tools (e.g. applicators, dispensers, measuring devices,</li> </ul>
	cutters and cleaning utensils)
	Relevant personal protective equipment.
Hazards	May include but not limited to:
	<ul> <li>handling moulds/products not cooled properly</li> </ul>
	manual handling
	• noise
	• light
	energy sources
	humidity
	air temperatures
	radiant heat
	<ul> <li>Stationary and moving machinery, parts or components.</li> </ul>
Procedures	May include but not limited to:
	All operations are performed in accordance with procedures.
	All relevant workplace procedures, work instructions,
	temporary instructions and relevant industry and government
Duchlouse	codes and standards.
Problems	May include but not limited to:
	badly prepared mould     leake as /spille as of row materials
	leakage/spillage of raw materials     incorrect quantity of materials
	incorrect quantity of materials
	contaminated materials/additives     aguirment faults
	equipment faults     Mould damage
	<ul><li>Mould damage.</li><li>malformed product</li></ul>
	·
	<ul><li>damage of product on removal</li><li>cracking</li></ul>
	<ul><li>warping</li><li>Poor surface finish.</li></ul>
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<b>Evidence Guide</b>	
Critical Aspects of	Demonstrate skills and knowledge to:
Competence	operate demoulding equipment

Page 108 of 128	Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation	Version 1
1 age 100 01 120		Ethiopian Occupational Standard	June 2013

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	Apply approved procedures.
	Perform consistently. For example, look to see that:
	demoulding standards are met consistently
	All safety procedures are followed.
Underpinning	Demonstrate knowledge of:
Knowledge and	<ul> <li>materials, equipment and process sufficient to recognize out-</li> </ul>
Attitudes	of-specification products, process problems and materials
	faults. For example, demoulding temperature is dependent on
	the type of resin used for moulding of the product. Therefore,
	care needs to be taken to ensure the resin used is known and
	the correct temperature is chosen for demoulding.
	<ul> <li>organizations procedures and relevant regulatory</li> </ul>
	requirements along with the ability to implement them within
	appropriate time constraints and work standards.
	· · · · ·
	managing risks using the hierarchy of controls applied to the  demanding process. Application of approved hazard control
	demoulding process. Application of approved hazard control
	and safety procedures and the use of PPE in relation to
	handling materials, equipment operation and cleanup.
	operation of demoulding equipment and main components      of the second standard and the second standard second sec
	sufficient for consistent production of quality products
	materials demand and production workflow sequences the
	potential effect of variations on demoulding products such as
	temperature
	accurately monitoring equipment operation and product
	quality
	<ul> <li>waste management and knowing the importance of reusing</li> </ul>
	non-conforming products wherever possible
	<ul> <li>correct selection and use of equipment, materials, processes</li> </ul>
	and procedures
	Identify factors which may affect product quality or production
	output and appropriate remedies.
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrates skills to:
1 3 =	<ul> <li>plan own work, including predicting consequences and</li> </ul>
	identifying improvements
	<ul> <li>identify when the operator is able to rectify faults, when</li> </ul>
	assistance is required and who is the appropriate source for
	assistance
	<ul> <li>Identify and describe role and role of others involved directly</li> </ul>
	in the process.
	•
	Operate of demoulding equipment.      read and interpret typical product angelfications, job abouts
	read and interpret typical product specifications, job sheets,  procedures, material labels and acfety information as provided.
	procedures, material labels and safety information as provided
	to operators.
	write to the level of completing workplace forms.
	basic numeracy, e.g. to determine that two 25 kg bags are
	needed to make up a requirement for 50 kg.
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Dogo 100 of 129	Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation	Version 1
Page 109 of 128	Обрупун	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	June 2013

Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:
Assessment	Interview / Written Test
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated
Assessment	work place setting.

Page 110 of 128	Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation	Version 1
Page 110 01 126	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	June 2013

Occupational Standard: Polymer Processing Operation Level II		
Unit Title	Repair Product Imperfections	
Unit Code	IND PP02 29 0613	
Unit Descriptor	This competency covers the repair of product imperfections during or after production. This competency applies to operators who conduct repairs to products following the manufacturing process. The key factors are the identification of the fault and the degree of its reparability, selecting an appropriate repair product or process and making the necessary repairs.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Identify damage and select	1.1 Product specifications and work order documentation are interpreted.
materials and repair process	1.2 Product faults are identified and decisions as to the feasibility of the repair in terms of the intended use of the product and the quality specifications are made.
	1.3 Technology appropriate for the repair is selected.
	1.4 Appropriate repair materials are identified and matched to fault and repaired method.
	1.5 Materials and tools are assembled and checked for suitability for purpose.
	Manufacturer information and safety advice on products are located and used to plan work.
	1.7 Order of work is planned to identify required work sequences, times, work process stages, engineering controls and personal protection <i>tools and equipment</i> .
	1.8 Repairs are designed to conform to quality specification, minimize time and economically use consumable materials.
2. Conduct repairs	2.1 Sources of contamination is identified and eliminated.
	Surfaces are prepared in accordance with manufacturer instructions and workplace requirements.
	Repairs in the appropriate locations are conducted and checked for conformity with job specification.
3. Clean work area and prepare	3.1 Used equipment is cleaned and inspected for serviceable condition and stored appropriately.
products for the next process	3.2 Unserviceable equipment is tagged, faults are identified and appropriate personnel informed.

Page 111 of 128 Ministry of E	Polymer Processing Operation
Copyrig	Ethiopian Occupational Standard

	3.3 Repaired products are inspected and approved for suitability, for further processing or for customer delivery.
	3.4 Products which do not meet quality specifications are tagged for further repair or treatment.
	3.5 Work area is cleaned and returned to approve condition.
4. Follow workplace	4.1 Waste and recycling <i>procedures</i> are followed.
procedures to finish product	4.2 <i>Hazards</i> are identified associated with the job and take appropriate action.
	4.3 Repaired products are assembled and sorted for delivery to other work sections in accordance with workplace procedures.
	4.4 Appropriate documentation is completed.

Variable	Range		
Tools and	May include but not limited to:		
equipment	hand carts and trolleys		
	<ul> <li>hoists/lifting equipment not requiring any special permits or licenses</li> </ul>		
	plastic or other filling compounds		
	<ul> <li>basic hand tools required for cosmetic repairs of products</li> </ul>		
	Relevant personal protective equipment		
Procedures	May include but not limited to:		
	All operations are performed in accordance with procedures.		
	All relevant workplace procedures, work instructions,		
	temporary instructions and relevant industry and government		
	codes and standards. These may include:		
	original manufacturer instructions and guidelines for the		
	use of repair tools or equipment		
	> relevant procedures relating to safe working practices		
	prescribed for the equipment		
	<ul> <li>local OHS legislation and/or regulations</li> <li>site specific instructions based on production requirements</li> </ul>		
Hazards	May include but not limited to:		
ΠαΣαιασ	spills		
	dusts/vapors		
	hazardous materials		
	manual handling hazards		
Problems	May include but not limited to:		
	inappropriate filling materials being selected and used		
	equipment failures		
	effect of weather on curing times.		

Page 112 of 128 Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013	
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	variations in materials contamination of materials
	separation of filling and parent materials
Variables	May include but not limited to:
	understanding of the nature of the repairs to be carried out
	consistency in the application of repair techniques or
	processes
	ambient temperatures
	repair material compositions and consistency
	work surface cleanliness and condition

Evidence Guide		
Critical Aspects of	Demonstrate knowledge and skills to:	
Competence	recognize the importance of critical material properties and quantities	
	<ul> <li>maintain tools in a manner that promotes cleanliness and safety</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Identify problems and take appropriate action. performance in that:</li> </ul>	
	meet consistently production standards	
	follow all safety procedures.	
Underpinning	Demonstrate knowledge of:	
Knowledge and Attitudes	materials, equipment and process sufficient to recognize out of specification products, process problems and material faults.	
	<ul> <li>organizations procedures and relevant regulatory requirements along with the ability to implement them within appropriate time constraints and work standards.</li> </ul>	
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrate skills to:	
	apply and/or explain:	
	impact of incorrect or faulty materials;	
	focus of operation of work systems and equipment;	
	<ul> <li>correct selection and use of equipment, materials, processes and procedures;</li> </ul>	
	hazards of the materials and process and appropriate hazard control procedures	
	<ul> <li>distinguish between causes of routine finishing faults such as:</li> <li>wrong raw materials/additives;</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>incorrect quantity of materials/additives/catalyst;</li> </ul>	
	contaminated materials/additives/catalyst;	
	equipment malfunctions;	
	tool slips and mould or product inclusions.	
	<ul> <li>read and interpret typical product specifications, job sheets and material labels as provided to operators.</li> </ul>	
	write skills to the level of completing workplace forms.	

Page 113 of 128 Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013	
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	basic numeracy skills, e.g. how to determine that 16 units and
	46 units are equal to a total of 62 units
Resources	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,
Implication	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to
	information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:
Assessment	Interview / Written Test
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of	Competency may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated
Assessment	work place setting.

Occupational Standard: Polymer Processing Operation Level II		
Unit Title	Participate in Workplace Communication	
Unit Code	IND PP02 30 0613	
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers the knowledge, skills and attitudes required to gather, interpret and convey information in response to workplace requirements.	

Elements	i	Performance Criteria		
Obtain and convey workplace	1	•	and relevant information is accessed ate sources.	I from
information	1		questioning , active listening and speather and convey information.	eaking skills are
	1	.3 Appropria ideas.	te <i>medium</i> is used to transfer inforn	nation and
	1	.4 Appropria	te non- verbal communication is use	ed.
	1		ate lines of communication with supe as are identified and followed.	rvisors and
	1		vorkplace procedures for the location on are used.	n and <b>storage</b> of
		.7 Personal	interaction is carried out clearly and	concisely.
<ol><li>Participate workplace</li></ol>	in 2	2.1 Team meetings are attended on time.		
meetings a discussions		2.2 Own opinions are clearly expressed and those of others are listened to without interruption.		
	2		nputs are consistent with the meetinged <i>protocols</i> .	g purpose and
		2.4 <i>Workplac</i> manner.	ce interactions are conducted in a c	courteous
	2	matters c	s about simple routine workplace pro oncerning working conditions of emp d responded to.	
	2	2.6 Meetings	outcomes are interpreted and imple	mented.
3. Complete relevant work related documents	ork 3	_	<b>forms</b> relating to conditions of empled accurately and legibly.	oyment is
	3	3.2 Workplac documen	e data is recorded on standard work ts.	place forms and
	3	3.3 Basic mathematical processes are used for routine calculations.		
Page 115 of 128		of Education opyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013

3.4 Errors in recording information on forms/ documents are identified and properly acted upon.
3.5 Reporting requirements to supervisor are completed according to organizational guidelines.

Variable	Range		
Appropriate	May include but not limited to:		
sources	Team members		
	Suppliers		
	Trade personnel		
	Local government		
	Industry bodies		
Medium	May include but not limited to:		
	Memorandum		
	Circular		
	Notice		
	Information discussion		
	Follow-up or verbal instructions		
	Face to face communication		
Storage	May include but not limited to:		
	Manual filing system		
	Computer-based filing system		
Protocols	May include but not limited to:		
	Observing meeting		
	Compliance with meeting decisions		
	Obeying meeting instructions		
Workplace	May include but not limited to:		
interactions	Face to face		
	Telephone		
	Electronic and two way radio		
	<ul> <li>Written including electronic, memos, instruction and forms,</li> </ul>		
	non-verbal including gestures, signals, signs and diagrams		
Forms	May include but not limited to:		
	Personnel forms, telephone message forms, safety reports		

Evidence Guide				
Critical Aspects of Competency  Prepare written communication following standard format of the organization  Access information using communication equipment  Make use of relevant terms as an aid to transfer information effectively		pment		
Page 116 of 128		ry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013

	Convey information effectively adopting the formal or informal communication
Underpinning Knowledge and Attitudes	Demonstrate knowledge of:  • Effective communication  • Different modes of communication  • Written communication  • Organizational policies  • Communication procedures and systems  • Technology relevant to the enterprise and the individual's work responsibilities
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrate skills to:  Follow simple spoken language  Perform routine workplace duties following simple written notices  Participate in workplace meetings and discussions  Complete work related documents  Estimate, calculate and record routine workplace measures  Basic mathematical processes of addition, subtraction, division and multiplication  Ability to relate to people of social range in the workplace  Gather and provide information in response to workplace Requirements
Resource Implications	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of Assessment	<ul> <li>Competence may be assessed through:</li> <li>Interview / Written Test</li> <li>Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning</li> </ul>
Context of Assessment	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting.

Occupational Standard: Polymer Processing Operation Level II		
Unit Title	Unit Title Work in Team Environment	
Unit Code	IND PP02 31 0613	
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers the skills, knowledge and attitudes to identify role and responsibility as a member of a team.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Describe team role and scope	1.1 The <i>role and objective of the team</i> are identified from available <i>sources of information</i> .
	1.2 Team parameters, reporting relationships and responsibilities are identified from team discussions and appropriate external sources.
Identify own role and	2.1 Individual role and responsibilities within the team environment are identified.
responsibility within team	2.2 Roles and responsibility of other team members are identified and recognized.
	2.3 Reporting relationships within team and external to team are identified.
Work as a team member	3.1 Effective and appropriate forms of communications used and interactions undertaken with team members who contribute to known team activities and objectives.
	3.2 Effective and appropriate contributions are made to complement team activities and objectives, based on individual skills and competencies and workplace context.
	3.3 Protocols are observed in reporting using standard operating procedures.
	3.4 Contribute to the development of team work plans based on an understanding of team's role and objectives and individual competencies of the members.

Variable	Range
Role and objective	May include but not limited to:
of team	Work activities in a team environment with enterprise or specific sector
	• Limited discretion, initiative and judgment maybe demonstrated on the job, either individually or in a team environment
Sources of	May include but not limited to:
information	Standard operating and/or other workplace procedures

Page 118 of 128 Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013
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	<ul> <li>Job procedures</li> <li>Machine/equipment manufacturer's specifications and instructions</li> <li>Organizational or external personnel</li> <li>Client/supplier instructions</li> <li>Quality standards</li> <li>OHS and environmental standards</li> </ul>
Workplace context	<ul> <li>May include but not limited to:</li> <li>Work procedures and practices</li> <li>Conditions of work environments</li> <li>Legislation and industrial agreements</li> <li>Standard work practice including the storage, safe handling and disposal of chemicals</li> <li>Safety, environmental, housekeeping and quality guidelines</li> </ul>

Evidence Guide	Evidence Guide			
Critical Aspects of Competence	Demonstrates skills and knowledge to:  Operate in a team to complete workplace activity  Work effectively with others  Convey information in written or oral form  Select and use appropriate workplace language  Follow designated work plan for the job  Report outcomes			
Underpinning Knowledge and Attitude	Demonstrate knowledge of:  Communication process  Team structure  Team roles  Group planning and decision making			
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrate skills to:  Communicate appropriately, consistent with the culture of the workplace  Output  Demonstrate skills to:			
Resource Implications	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.			
Methods of Assessment	Competence may be assessed through:  Interview / Written Test  Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning			
Context of Assessment	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting.			

Page 119 of 128	Ministry of Education	Polymer Processing Operation	Version 1
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	June 2013

Occupational Stan	Occupational Standard: Polymer Processing Operation Level II		
Unit Title	Develop Business Practice		
Unit Code	IND PP02 32 0613		
Unit Descriptor	This unit specifies the outcomes required to establish a business operation from a planned concept. It includes researching the feasibility of establishing a business operation, planning the setting up of the business, implementing the plan and reviewing operations once commenced.		

Element	is	Performance Criteria
1. Identify	1.1 Business opportunities are investigated and identified.	
busine		1.2 Feasibility study is undertaken to determine likely business viability.
		1.3 Market research on product or service is undertaken.
		1.4 Assistance with feasibility study of specialist and relevant parties is sought as required.
		1.5 Impact of emerging or changing technology including e- commerce, on business operations is evaluated.
		1.6 Practicability of business opportunity is assessed in line with perceived risks, returns sought and resources available.
		1.7 Business plan is completed for operation.
	y personal ess skills	2.1 Financial and business skills available are identified and taken into account when business opportunities are researched.
		2.2 <b>Personal skills/attributes</b> are assessed and matched against those perceived as necessary for a particular business opportunity.
		2.3 <b>Business risks</b> are identified and assessed according to resources available and personal preferences.
establ	Plan for     establishment of     business	3.1 Business structure and operations are determined and documented.
operat		3.2 Procedures are developed and documented to guide operations.
		3.3 Financial backing is secured for business operation.
		3.4 Business legal and regulatory requirements are identified and complied.
		3.5 <i>Human and physical resources</i> required to commence business operation are determined.
		3.6 Recruitment strategies are developed and implemented.

Page 120 of 128 Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013	
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4.	Implement     establishment     plan	4.1	Marketing of business operation is undertaken.
		4.2	Physical and human resources are obtained to implement business operation.
		4.3	<b>Operational unit</b> is established to support and coordinate business operation.
		4.4	Monitoring process is developed and implemented for managing operation.
		4.5	<b>Legal documents</b> are carefully maintained and relevant records are kept and updated to ensure validity and accessibility.
		4.6	Contractual procurement rights for goods and services including <i>contracts with relevant people</i> , negotiated and secured as required in accordance with the business plan.
		4.7	Options for leasing/ownership of business premises identified and contractual arrangements are completed in accordance with the business plan.
5.	Review implementation	5.1	Review process for implementation of business operation is developed and implemented.
	process	5.2	Improvements in business operation and associated management process are identified.
		5.3	Identified improvements are implemented and monitored for effectiveness.

Variable	Range
Business	May include but not limited to:
opportunities	expected financial viability
	skills of operator
	amount and types of finance available
	returns expected or required by owners
	likely return on investment
	finance required
	lifestyle issues
Business viability	May include but not limited to:
	opportunities available
	market competition
	timing/ cyclical considerations
	skills available
	resources available
	location and/ or premises available
	risk related to a particular business opportunity, especially

Page 121 of 128	Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013	
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	_	Occupational Health and Safety and	t		
		ntal considerations			
Specialist and	_	out not limited to:			
relevant parties	<ul><li>Chamber of</li></ul>	f commerce			
	<ul> <li>Financial p</li> </ul>	lanners and financial institution repre	sentatives,		
	business p	lanning specialists and marketing spe	ecialists		
	<ul> <li>accountant</li> </ul>	S			
	<ul> <li>lawyers an</li> </ul>	d providers of legal advice			
	<ul> <li>governmer</li> </ul>	at agencies			
	<ul><li>industry/tra</li></ul>	de associations			
	<ul> <li>online gate</li> </ul>	ways			
	<ul> <li>business b</li> </ul>	rokers/business consultants			
Personal	May include I	out not limited to:			
skills/attributes		nd/ or specialist skills			
		nowledge and skills			
	<ul> <li>entreprene</li> </ul>	•			
	· ·	willingness to take risks			
Business risks		out not limited to:			
	_	al health and safety and environmen	tal		
	considerati	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
		gislative requirements			
	security of	•			
	market con				
		premises/ location			
	-	-			
		<ul><li>supply and demand</li><li>resources available</li></ul>			
Human and		May include but not limited to:			
physical resou		software and hardware			
priyotodi roccu					
		office premises     communications equipment			
		<ul><li>communications equipment</li><li>specialist services through outsourcing, contracting and</li></ul>			
	<ul><li>consultance</li></ul>		ting and		
		у			
	vehicles				
Operational un		May include but not limited to:			
Operational un			nd aquipped to		
		office location staffed with required personnel and equipped to			
		<ul> <li>service and support business</li> <li>home-based site or other location such as leased or owned</li> </ul>			
		nome-based site or other location such as leased or owned property			
Legal documer					
may include bu	· · · · · ·	books for companies (Register of Members, Register of			
not limited to:		Directors and Minute Books), Certificate of Incorporation,			
		Agreements and financial documenta	•		
		r financial records	, appropriate		
	Ministry of Education	Polymer Processing Operation	Version 1		
Page 122 of 128	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	June 2013		
	., ,				

	<ul> <li>recordkeeping including personnel, financial, taxation, OHS and environmental</li> </ul>
Contracts with relevant people	<ul> <li>May include but not limited to:</li> <li>owners, suppliers, employees, landlords, agents, distributors, customers or any person with whom the business has, or seeks to have, a performance-based relationship</li> </ul>

Evidence Guide	
Critical Aspects of	Demonstrates skills and knowledge in:
Competence	that a business operation has been planned and implemented from initial research into feasibility of the business and completion of the plan, through to implementing the plan and commencing operations
	<ul> <li>the ability to evaluate the results of research and assess the likely viability and practicability of a business opportunity, taking into account the current business/market climate and resources available</li> </ul>
Underpinning	Demonstrate knowledge of:
Knowledge and Attitudes	<ul> <li>Federal and regional government legislative requirements affecting business operations, especially in regard to Occupational Health and Safety (OHS), Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO), industrial relations and anti-discrimination</li> <li>Technical or specialist skills relevant to the business operation</li> <li>Financing options</li> <li>Business systems and operations</li> <li>Relevant marketing, management, sales and financial concepts</li> <li>Methods for researching business opportunities</li> <li>Principles of risk management relevant to the business</li> <li>Methods of identifying relevant specialist services to complement the business</li> <li>Forms and administrative systems</li> <li>Services available and charges</li> <li>Planning and control systems (sales,</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Advertising and promotion, distribution and logistics</li> </ul>
	Financial recording systems
	Legal rights and responsibilities
	<ul><li>Record keeping duties</li><li>Operational factors relating to the business (provision of</li></ul>
	professional services, products)
Underpinning	Demonstrate skills of:
Skills	<ul> <li>Literacy skills to interpret legal requirements, company policies and procedures and immediate, day-to-day demands</li> <li>Marketing skills</li> </ul>

Page 123 of 128 Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013	
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	I
	<ul> <li>Business planning skills</li> <li>Entrepreneurial skills</li> <li>Problem-solving skills</li> <li>OHS skills</li> <li>Time management skills</li> <li>Belief in services and products offered by the business</li> <li>Communication skills including questioning, clarifying, reporting, and giving and receiving constructive feedback</li> <li>Technical and analytical skills to interpret business documents, reports and financial statements and projections</li> <li>Ability to relate to people from a range of social, cultural and ethnic backgrounds and physical and mental abilities</li> <li>Problem solving skills to develop contingency plans</li> <li>Using computers and software packages to record and manage data and to produce reports</li> <li>Literacy skills to enable interpretation of business information, numeracy skills for data analysis to aid research</li> <li>Research skills to identify a business opportunity and to conduct a feasibility study</li> <li>Analytical skills to assess personal attributes and to identify business risks</li> <li>Observation skills for identifying appropriate people, resources and to monitor work</li> </ul>
Resource	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,
Implications	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information
	on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:
Assessment	Interview / Written Test
0	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated
Assessment	work place setting.

Occupational Standard: Polymer Processing Operation Level II	
Unit Title	Standardize and Sustain 3S
Unit Code	IND PP02 33 0613
Unit Descriptor	This unit of competence covers the knowledge, skills and attitudes required by worker to standardize and sustain 3S to his/her workplace. It covers responsibility for the day- to-day operations of the workplace and ensuring that continuous improvements of Kaizen elements are initiated and institutionalized.

Elements	Per	formance Criteria
1. Prepare for work.	1.1	Work instructions are used to determine job requirements, including method, material and equipment.
	1.2	Job specifications are read and interpreted following working manual.
	1.3	<b>OHS requirements</b> , including dust and fume collection, breathing apparatus and eye and ear personal protection needs are observed throughout the work.
	1.4	<b>Safety equipment and tools</b> are identified and checked for safe and effective operation.
	1.5	Tools and equipment are prepared and used to implement 3S.
2. Standardize 3S.	2.1	Plan is prepared and used to standardize 3S activities.
30.	2.2	<b>Tools and techniques</b> to standardize 3S are prepared and implemented based on <b>relevant procedures</b> .
	2.3	Checklists are followed for standardize activities and <i>reported</i> to <i>relevant personnel</i> .
	2.4	The workplace is kept to the specified standard.
	2.5	Problems are avoided by standardizing activities.
3. Sustain 3S.	3.1	Plan is prepared and followed to standardize 3S activities.
	3.2	<b>Tools and techniques</b> to sustain 3S are discussed, prepared and implemented based on relevant procedures.
	3.3	Workplace is inspected regularly for compliance to specified standard and sustainability of 3S techniques.
	3.4	Workplace is cleaned up after completion of job and before commencing next job or end of shift.
	3.5	Situations are identified where compliance to standards is unlikely and actions specified in procedures are taken.
	3.6	Improvements are recommended to lift the level of compliance in the workplace.

Page 125 of 128 Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013	
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	Checklists are followed to sustain activities and reported to relevant personnel.
3.8	Problems are avoided by sustaining activities.

Variable	Range
OHS	May include but not limited to:
requirements	<ul> <li>Are to be in accordance with legislation/ regulations/codes of practice and enterprise safety policies and procedures. This may include protective clothing and equipment, use of tooling and equipment, workplace environment and safety, handling of material, use of fire fighting equipment, enterprise first aid, hazard control and hazardous materials and substances.</li> <li>Personal protective equipment is to include that prescribed under legislation/regulations/codes of practice and workplace policies and practices.</li> <li>Safe operating procedures are to include, but are not limited to the conduct of operational risk assessment and treatments associated with workplace organization.</li> <li>Emergency procedures related to this unit are to include but may not be limited to emergency shutdown and stopping of equipment, extinguishing fires, enterprise first aid requirements and site evacuation.</li> </ul>
Safety	May include but not limited to:
equipment and	dust masks / goggles
tools	• glove
	working cloth
	first aid
	safety shoes
Tools and	May include but not limited to:
equipment	• paint
	• hook
	• sticker
	signboard
	• nails
	• shelves
	chip wood
	• sponge
	• broom
	pencil
	shadow board/ tools board
Tools and	May include but not limited to:
techniques	5S Job Cycle Charts
	Visual 5S

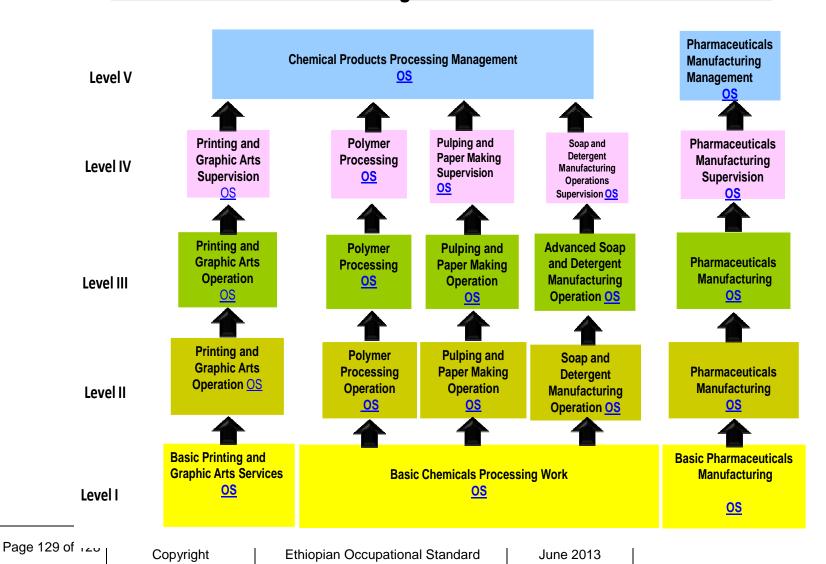
Page 126 of 128	Ministry of Education	Polymer Processing Operation	Version 1
	Copyright	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	June 2013

	The Five Minute 5S
	Standardization level checklist
	• 5S checklist
	<ul> <li>The five Whys and one How approach(5W1H)</li> </ul>
	Suspension
	Incorporation
	Use Elimination
Relevant	May include but not limited to:
procedures	Assign 3S responsibilities
	Integrate 3S duties into regular work duties
	Check on 3S maintenance level
	<ul> <li>OHS measures such as signage, symbols / coding and labeling of</li> </ul>
	workplace and equipment
	Creating conditions to sustain your plans
	Roles in implementation
Reporting	May include but not limited to:
i toporting	verbal responses
	data entry into enterprise database
	<ul> <li>brief written reports using enterprise report formats</li> </ul>
Relevant	May include but not limited to:
personnel	<ul> <li>supervisors, managers and quality managers</li> </ul>
personner	<ul> <li>administrative, laboratory and production personnel</li> </ul>
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Tools and	internal/external contractors, customers and suppliers  May include but not limited to:
techniques	May include but not limited to:
techniques	• 5S slogans
	• 5S posters
	5S photo exhibits and storyboards
	• 5S newsletter
	• 5S maps
	• 5S pocket manuals
	5S department/benchmarking tours
	• 5S months
	5S audit
	Awarding system
	Big cleaning day
	Patrolling system may include:
	➤ Top management Patrol
	5S Committee members and Promotion office Patrol
	Mutual patrol
	> Self-patrol
	> Checklist patrol
	Camera patrol

Page 127 of 128 Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013	
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Evidence Guide					
Critical Aspect					
of Competence	<ul> <li>Discuss the relationship between Kaizen elements.</li> </ul>				
	Standardize and sustain 3S activities by applying appropriate				
	tools and techniques.				
Underpinning	Demonstrates knowledge of:				
Knowledge and	Elements of Kaizen				
Attitudes • Ways to improve Kaizen elements					
	Benefits of improving kaizen elements				
	Relationship between Kaizen elements				
	The fourth pillar of 5S				
	Benefits of standardizing and sustaining 3S				
	<ul> <li>Procedures for standardizing and sustaining 3S activities</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>Tools and techniques to sustain 3S</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>Relevant Occupational Health and Safety (OHS) and environment</li> </ul>				
	requirements				
	<ul><li>Plan and report</li></ul>				
	Method of communication				
Underpinning	Demonstrates skills of:				
Skills	improving Kaizen elements by applying 5S				
Okilis	<ul> <li>standardizing and sustaining procedures and techniques to avoid</li> </ul>				
	problems				
	· ·				
	technical drawing     presedures to standardizing 35 activities				
	procedures to standardizing 3S activities     applying and propering the level of the workplace.				
	analyzing and preparing shop layout of the workplace     attendardizing and quetaining shopklists				
	standardizing and sustaining checklists     propering and implementing tools and techniques to sustain 35.				
	preparing and implementing tools and techniques to sustain 3S     working with others				
	working with others     reading and interpreting decuments				
	reading and interpreting documents				
	observing situations     activing problems by applying 55.				
	solving problems by applying 5S				
	• communication skills				
	preparing labels, slogans, etc.      agthering oxidence by using different manner.				
	gathering evidence by using different means     using Keizen heard preparty in accordance the precedure.				
	using Kaizen board properly in accordance the procedure     reporting activities and results using report formats.				
Resources	reporting activities and results using report formats  Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations.				
	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,				
Implication	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices				
Methods of	workplace practices and OHS practices.  s of Competence may be assessed through:				
Assessment	Interview / Written Test				
, 1000001110111	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning				
Context of					
Assessment	work place setting.				
122300	Ministry of Education Polymer Processing Operation Version 1				
Page 128 of 128	Copyright Ethiopian Occupational Standard June 2013				
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## **Sector: Industry Chemical Products Processing**



## **Acknowledgement**

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This occupational standard was developed on May 2013 at Ethiopian Management Institute (EMI), Debre Zeyit.

## **COMMENT TEMPLATE**

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Page 130 of 128 Ministry of Education Copyright	Polymer Processing Operation Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 June 2013
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